

GAMBLING ACT 2005 STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY

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1. STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY

1.1 Introduction

The Gambling Act 2005 requires the Council to prepare and publish a "Statement of Licensing Policy" that sets out the principles the Council proposes to apply in exercising its licensing functions when dealing with applications for premises licences, as required by the Act.

This Policy Statement takes effect on 31st January 2025 This Licensing Authority will update and publish a new Licensing Policy whenever necessary but in any case within 3 years of the date of this policy, and will fully consult with partners, trade associations and residents groups as appropriate at that time, any representations received will be considered at that time.

However where updates are required due to changes in national legislation, statutory guidance, following Gambling Commission consultations or contact details, the Council reserves the right to amend this policy without consultation where it is necessary to ensure the policy reflects national legislation or statutory guidance.

In producing the final Policy Statement, the Council declares that it has had regard to the licensing objectives of the Gambling Act 2005, the Guidance to Licensing Authorities issued by the Gambling Commission, any codes of practice and any responses from those consulted on the Policy Statement.

The Council has a legal obligation to comply with all legislation that promotes equality it has a policy in place to promote equality to all. Licensing of persons and premises under the Gambling Act 2005 will actively promote equality of service and enforcement to all members of the community.

The Human Rights Act 1998 incorporates the European Convention on Human Rights and makes it unlawful for a local authority to act in a way that is incompatible with such a right.

The Council will have regard to the Human Rights Act when considering any licensing issues, and particularly in respect of the way in which applications are considered and enforcement activities are carried out.

The Council acknowledges that it may need to depart from this Policy and from the guidance issued under the Act in individual and exceptional circumstances, and where the case merits such a decision in the interests of the promotion of the licensing objectives. Any such decision will be taken in consultation with the appropriate legal advisors for the Licensing Authority, and the reasons for any such departure will be fully recorded.

NOTE: In this Policy, the following definitions are included to provide an explanation to certain terms included in the Act and, therefore, in the Statement of Licensing Policy. In some cases they are an abbreviation of what is stated in the Gambling Act 2005 or an interpretation of those terms. For a full definition of the terms used, the reader must refer to the Gambling Act 2005.

'The Council' means Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council, acting as the Licensing Authority as defined by the Gambling Act 2005.

'The Act' means the Gambling Act 2005.

'The County Borough' means the county borough of Blaenau Gwent.

'The Licensing Authority' the authority in whose area the premises is wholly/partly situated. The Licensing Authority (as in the issuing authority) is also a responsible authority.

'The Gambling Commission' a body set up by the Government as the unified regulator for gambling, replacing the Gaming Board.

'Responsible Authority' means a public body that must be notified of certain applications for premises licences and permits, and are entitled to make representations on any of the licensing objectives.

'Children' means individuals who are less than 16 years old.

'Young person' means individuals who are aged less than 18 years old and 16 years and over.

'Mandatory Conditions' means a specified condition provided by regulations to be attached to premises licences.

'Default Conditions' means a specified condition provided for by regulations to be attached to a licence unless excluded by the Council.

'Premises' means any place, including a vessel or moveable structure.

1.2 Profile of Blaenau Gwent County Borough

The County of Borough of Blaenau Gwent is mainly rural in nature, covers 10,876 hectares and has a population of approximately 68,900. Despite the fact that the area has traditionally been thought of as an industrial area, mainly for coal mining and steel production, its land use is now predominantly rural with over 77% of the land area given over to farmland, commons and open spaces and 23% is defined urban land.

Blaenau Gwent comprises of three valleys, Sirhowy, Ebbw Fawr, and Ebbw Fach. There are six main towns of Abertillery, Brynmawr, Ebbw Vale, Nantyglo, Blaina, and Tredegar.

1.3 Objectives

In exercising most of its functions under the Gambling Act 2005 the Council, as the Licensing Authority, must have regard to the following licensing objectives:

- Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder or being used to support crime;
- Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way;
- Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

It should be noted that the Gambling Commission has stated: "The requirement in relation to children is explicitly to protect them from being harmed or exploited by gambling".

The Council is aware that, as per Section 153, in making decisions about premises licences and temporary use notices it should aim to permit the use of premises for gambling insofar as it thinks fit:

- In accordance with any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission;
- In accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
- Reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives;
- In accordance with the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy.

1.4 The Licensing Authority Functions

The Council is required under the Act to:

- Be responsible for the licensing of premises where gambling activities are to take place by issuing Premises Licences;
- Issue Provisional Statements;
- Regulate members' clubs and miners' welfare institutes who wish to undertake certain gaming activities via issuing Club Gaming Permits and/or Club Machine Permits:
- Issue Club Machine Permits to Commercial Clubs;
- Grant permits for the use of certain lower stake gaming machines at unlicensed family entertainment centres;
- Receive notification from alcohol licensed premises (under the Licensing Act 2003) of the use of two or fewer gaming machines;
- Issue Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits for premises licensed to sell/supply alcohol for consumption on the licensed premises, under the Licensing Act 2003, where there are more than two machines;
- Register small society lotteries below prescribed thresholds;
- Issue Prize Gaming Permits;
- Receive and endorse Temporary Use Notices:
- Receive Occasional Use Notices;
- Provide information to the Gambling Commission regarding details of licences issued (see section below on information exchange);
- Maintain registers of the permits and licences that are issued under these functions.

It should be noted that local licensing authorities are not involved in licensing remote gambling at all, which is regulated by the Gambling Commission via Operator Licences.

The Council recognises that the licensing function is only one means of promoting delivery of the three objectives and should not therefore be seen as a means for solving all problems within the community. The Council will therefore continue to work in partnership with neighbouring authorities, Heddlu Gwent Police, the Safer Blaenau Gwent Community Safety Partnership, Public Health Wales, local businesses, local people and those involved in child protection to promote the licensing objectives as outlined. In addition, the Council recognises its duty under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, with regard to the prevention of crime and disorder.

1.5 Consultation

The Council has consulted widely upon this Statement before finalising and publishing. A list of those persons consulted is provided below, in line with the Act and the Gambling Commission's Guidance. Further details, together with a list of comments made and the consideration by the Council of those comments is available on request.

- The Chief Officer of Police:
- The Fire Authority;
- Representatives of the holders of various licences for premises within the County Borough who will be affected by this Policy;
- Bodies representing businesses and residents in the County Borough;
- Departments (including Responsible Authorities) within the Council with an interest in the licensing of gambling;
- BGCBC Children's Services Manager;
- Community and Town Councils;
- Other organisations as appear to be affected by licensing matters covered by this Statement:
- H.M. Revenue and Customs;
- Public Health Wales/local health board;
- South East Wales Safeguarding Children Board;
- Gwent Wide Adult Safeguarding Board.

Consultation took place between 30th May and 22nd August 2024 and, as far as practicable, the Council followed the Consultation Principles issued by the government which is available at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/consultation-principles-guidance

This policy was approved at a meeting of the Full Council on 28th November 2024 and was published on 31st January 2025 as well as being available at www.blaenau-gwent.gov.uk

1.6 Responsible Authorities

In exercising the Council's powers under Section 157(h) of the Act to designate, in writing, a body that is competent to advise the Council about the protection of children from harm, the following principles have been applied:

- The need for the body to be responsible for an area covering the whole of the Council's area;
- The need for the body to include senior and responsible representatives of appropriate public bodies in the county borough area, who have as a principal duty, responsibility for the protection of children from harm

In accordance with the Gambling Commission's Guidance this Council designates the Council's children's services manager for this purpose. Details of the bodies identified under the Act that are to be treated as Responsible Authorities are available at Appendix A.

1.7 Interested Parties

Interested Parties can make representations about licence applications, or apply for a review of an existing licence based on the three licensing objectives as detailed in paragraph 1.3 of this Policy Statement.

An Interested Party is someone who:-

- (a) Lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the authorised activities:
- (b) Has business interests that might be affected by the authorised activities; or
- (c) Represents persons in either of the two groups above.

The principles the Council will apply to determine whether a person is an Interested Party are:

Each case will be decided upon its merits. This Council will not apply a rigid rule to its decision-making. It will consider the examples of considerations provided in the Gambling Commissions' Guidance for local authorities. It will also consider the Gambling Commission's Guidance that "business interests" should be given the widest possible interpretation and include partnerships, charities, faith groups, medical practices and the health board.

Interested Parties can be persons who are democratically elected, such as Councillors and MP's. No specific evidence of being asked to represent an interested person will be required as long as the Councillor/MP represents the ward likely to be affected. Likewise, town and community councils likely to be affected will be considered as interested parties. Other than these, however, this Council will generally require written evidence that a person, body (e.g. an advocate/relative) 'represents' someone who either lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the authorised activities and/or business interests that might be affected by the authorised activities. Correspondence from one of these persons, requesting the representation is sufficient.

If individuals wish to approach Councillors to ask them to represent their views, then care should be taken that the Councillors are not part of the Licensing Committee dealing with the licence application or in any other way have a personal interest that would preclude them from participating in a hearing. If there are any doubts then please contact the Licensing Section.

It should be noted that, unlike the Licensing Act, the Gambling Act does not include as a specific licensing objective the prevention of public nuisance. There is, however, other relevant legislation, which deals with public nuisance.

1.8 Exchange of Information

The principle that the Council will apply in respect of the exchange of information between it and the Gambling Commission and those bodies listed in Schedule 6 of the Act is that it will act in accordance with the provisions of the Gambling Act 2005 which includes the provision that the Data Protection Act 1998 will not be contravened. The Council will also have regard to any guidance issued by the Gambling Commission to Local Authorities on

this matter, as well as any relevant regulations issued by the Secretary of State under the powers provided in the Gambling Act 2005.

1.9 Enforcement

The Council's principles are that it will be guided by the Gambling Commission's Guidance to local authorities, the Regulators Code and the Council's enforcement policy. It will endeavour to be:

- Proportionate regulators should only intervene when necessary, remedies should be appropriate to the risk posed, and costs identified and minimised;
- Accountable regulators must be able to justify decisions, and be subject to public scrutiny;
- Consistent rules and standards must be joined up and implemented fairly;
- Transparent regulators should be open, keep regulations simple and user friendly;
 and
- Targeted regulation should be focused on the problem, and minimise side effects.

As per the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Licensing Authorities, the Council will endeavour to avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes so far as possible.

The Council has adopted and implemented a risk-based inspection programme, based on:

- The licensing objectives;
- Relevant codes of practice;
- Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
- The principles set out in this Statement of Licensing Policy.
- The council's enforcement policy.

The main enforcement and compliance role for this Council in terms of the Gambling Act 2005 is to ensure compliance with the Premises Licences and other permissions, which it authorises. The Gambling Commission is the enforcement body for the Operator and Personal Licences. Concerns about manufacture, supply or repair of gaming machines are dealt with by the Council but should be notified to the Gambling Commission.

The Council will take account of the Gambling Commissions guidance 'Approach to Test Purchasing' when considering making test purchases at gambling premises. The Council will also follow its own policies and procedures regarding the use of underage test purchasers.

The Council also keeps itself informed of developments as regards the work of the Better Regulation Delivery Office in its consideration of the regulatory functions of local authorities.

1.10 Fundamental Rights

Under the terms of the Act any individual/company may apply for a variety of permissions and have their applications considered on their individual merits. Equally, any Interested Party or Responsible Authority has a right to make relevant representations on an application or to seek a review of a licence or certificate where provision has been made for them to do so in the Act.

Applicants and those making relevant representations in respect of applications to the Council have a right of appeal to the Magistrates Court against the decisions of the Council.

1.11 Integrating Strategies and Avoiding Duplication

By consulting widely prior to this Policy Statement being published, the Council will take full account of local policies covering crime prevention, culture, transport, planning and tourism as part of an integrated strategy for the Council, Police and other agencies. Many of these strategies may not be directly related to the promotion of the three licensing objectives, but may indirectly impact upon them.

When considering any application, the Council will avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes so far as possible. Therefore, the Council will not attach conditions to a licence unless they are considered necessary, reasonable and proportionate to the use of premises for gambling consistent with the licensing objectives.

1.12 Wellbeing of Future Generations

The Wellbeing and Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 requires all Welsh local authorities to consider the long-term impact of their decisions, to work better with people, communities and each other, and to prevent persistent problems such as poverty, health inequalities and climate change.

The local strategic partnership, Blaenau Gwent, along with the Gwent Public Service Board, sets out the Well-being Assessment and Well-being Plan which you can see here https://www.gwentpsb.org/en/

Under the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 local authorities must have regard to the likely effect of the exercise of their functions on, and do all they can to prevent crime and disorder in the area. The Council will have particular regard to the likely impact of licensing on related crime and disorder in the county borough, particularly when considering the location, impact, operation and management of all proposed licence/permit applications, renewals and variations of conditions.

2. PREMISES LICENCES

2.1 General Principles

Premises Licences authorise the provision of gambling facilities on the following:-

- Casino Premises:
- Bingo Premises;
- Betting Premises (including race tracks used by betting intermediaries);
- Adult Gaming Centres (AGCs);
- Family Entertainment Centres (FECs).

Except in the case of Tracks (where the occupier may not be the person offering gambling), Premises Licences will only be granted to those issued with an Operating Licence by the Gambling Commission.

Premises Licences are subject to the requirements set out in the Gambling Act 2005 and regulations, as well as specific mandatory and default conditions, which are detailed in regulations issued by the Secretary of State. Licensing authorities are able to exclude default conditions and also attach others, where it is believed to be appropriate.

The Council is aware that in making decisions about Premises Licences it should aim to permit the use of premises for gambling insofar as it thinks it:-

- In accordance with any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission;
- In accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
- Reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives; and
- In accordance with this Policy Statement.

This Council may also consider measures to meet the licensing objectives when making such decisions, for example:-

- Proof of age schemes
- CCTV
- Supervision of entrances/machine areas
- Physical separation of areas
- Location of entry
- Notices/signage
- Specific opening hours
- Self-exclusion schemes
- Provision of information leaflets/helpline numbers for organisations such as Gam Care;
- Measures/training for staff on how to deal with children on the premises, for example, suspected truancy from school.

This list is not mandatory, nor exhaustive, and is merely indicative of example measures.

It is appreciated that as per the Gambling Commission's Guidance for local authorities "moral objections to gambling are not a valid reason to reject applications for Premises Licences" and also that unmet demand is not a criterion for a licensing authority.

The Licence Conditions and Code of Practice (LCCP) issued by the Gambling Commission places the onus on licence holders to complete a risk assessment. The Council will have regard to this code when considering applications. This is covered in detail in Section 6 of this statement.

Definition of "Premises":

Premises is defined in the Act as "any place". Section 152 therefore prevents more than one premises licence applying to any place. But a single building could be subject to more than one premises licence, provided they are for different parts of the building and the different parts of the building can be reasonably regarded as being different premises. This approach has been taken to allow large, multiple unit premises such as a pleasure park, pier, track or shopping mall to obtain discrete premises licences, where appropriate safeguards are in place. However, licensing authorities should pay particular attention if

there are issues about sub-divisions of a single building or plot and should ensure that mandatory conditions relating to access between premises are observed.

The Gambling Commission states in its Guidance to Licensing Authorities that: "In most cases the expectation is that a single building/plot will be the subject of an application for a licence. But, that does not mean that a single building plot cannot be the subject of separate premises licence, e.g. the basement and ground floor, if they are configured acceptably. Whether different parts of a building can properly be regarded as being separate premises will depend on the circumstances. The location of the premises will clearly be an important consideration and the suitability of the division is likely to be a matter for discussion between the operator and the licensing officer.

However, the Commission does not consider that areas of a building that are artificially or temporarily separated, for example, by ropes or moveable partitions, can properly be regarded as different premises."

The Council takes particular note of the Gambling Commission's Guidance for local authorities which states that licensing authorities should take particular care in considering applications for multiple licences for a building and those relating to a discrete part of a building used for other (non-gambling) purposes. In particular, they should be aware of the following –

- The third licensing objective seeks to protect children from being harmed by gambling. In practice that means not only preventing them from taking part in gambling, but also preventing them from being in close proximity to gambling. Therefore, premises should be configured so that children are not invited to participate in, have accidental access to or closely observe gambling where they are prohibited from participating;
- Entrances to and exits from parts of a building covered by one or more premises licences should be separate and identifiable so that the separation of different premises is not compromised and people do not "drift" into a gambling area. In this context it should normally be possible to access the premises without going through another licensing premises or premises with a permit;
- Customers should be able to participate in the activity named on the premises licence.

The Guidance also gives a list of factors, which the licensing authority should be aware of, which may include:

- Do the premises have a separate registration for business rates?
- Is the Premises' neighbouring premises owned by the same person or someone else?
- Can each of the premises be accessed from the street or a public passageway?
- Can the premises only be accessed from any other gambling premises?

2.2 Appropriate Licence Environment

The Guidance to Local Authorities and the Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice (LCCP) sets out additional matters that the Council should take into account when considering licence applications for premises licences.

The guidance prescribes restrictions on gambling activities on premises, previously known as primary gambling activity. The Council will consider any application based on the provisions in these codes and guidance.

Where gambling facilities are provided at premises as a supplementary activity to the main purpose of the premises; e.g. motorway service areas and shopping malls, the council will expect the gambling area to be clearly defined to ensure that customers are fully aware that they are making a choice to enter into the gambling premises, and that the premises is adequately supervised at all times.

The Council will consider these and any other relevant factors in making its decision, depending on all the circumstances of the case.

The Gambling Commission's Guidance for relevant access provisions for each premises type is reproduced in Appendix B.

2.3 Premises "ready for gambling"

The Guidance states that a licence to use premises for gambling should only be issued in relation to premises that the licensing authority can be satisfied are going to be ready to be used for gambling in the reasonably near future, consistent with the scale of building or alterations required before the premises are brought into use.

If the construction of a premises is not yet complete, or if they need alteration, or if the applicant does not yet have a right to occupy them, then an application for a <u>provisional statement</u> should be made instead.

In deciding whether a premises licence can be granted where there are outstanding construction or alteration works at a premises, the Council will determine applications on their merits, applying a two stage consideration process:

- First, whether the premises ought to be permitted to be used for gambling;
- Second, whether appropriate conditions can be put in place to cater for the situation that the premises are not yet in the state in which they ought to be before gambling takes place.

Applicants should note that this authority is entitled to decide that it is appropriate to grant a licence subject to conditions, but it is not obliged to grant such a licence.

More detailed examples of the circumstances in which such a licence may be granted can be found in the Guidance.

2.4 Other Considerations

Location:

The Council is aware that demand issues cannot be considered with regard to the location of premises but that considerations in terms of the licensing objectives are relevant to its decision making. As per the Gambling Commission's Guidance for local authorities, the Council will pay particular attention to the protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling, as well as issues of crime and disorder.

Should any specific policy be decided upon as regards areas where gambling premises should not be located, this Statement will be updated. It should be noted that any such policy does not preclude any application being made and each application will be decided on its merits, with the onus upon the applicant showing how potential concerns can be overcome.

Planning

The Gambling Commission Guidance to Licensing Authorities states:

 In determining applications the licensing authority has a duty to take into consideration all relevant matters and not to take into consideration any irrelevant matters, i.e. those not related to gambling and the licensing objectives. One example of an irrelevant matter would be the likelihood of the applicant obtaining planning permission or building regulations approval for their proposal.

The Council will not take into account irrelevant matters as per the above guidance. In addition, the Council notes the following excerpt from the Guidance:

• When dealing with a premises licence application for finished buildings, the licensing authority should not take into account whether those buildings have or comply with the necessary planning or building consents. Those matters should be dealt with under relevant planning control and building regulation powers, and not form part of the consideration for the premises licence. Section 210 of the 2005 Act prevents licensing authorities taking into account the likelihood of the proposal by the applicant obtaining planning or building consent when considering a premises licence application. Equally the grant of a gambling premises licence does not prejudice or prevent any action that may be appropriate under the law relating to planning or building.

2.5 Duplication with other Regulatory Regimes:

The Council seeks to avoid any duplication with other statutory/regulatory systems where possible, including planning. The Council will not consider whether a licence application is likely to be awarded planning permission or building regulations approval in its consideration of it. It will though listen to, and consider carefully, any concerns about conditions, which are not able to be met by licensees due to planning restrictions, should such a situation arise.

When dealing with a premises licence application for finished buildings, the Council will not take into account whether those buildings have to comply with the necessary planning or building consents. Fire or health and safety risks will not be taken into account, as these matters are dealt with under relevant planning control, buildings and other regulations and must not form part of the consideration for the premises licence.

2.6 Licensing Objectives:

Premises licences granted must be reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives. With regard to these objectives, the Council has considered the Gambling Commission's Guidance to licensing authorities and some comments are made below.

Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder or being used to support crime:

The Council is aware that the Gambling Commission takes a leading role in preventing gambling from being a source of crime. The Gambling Commission's Guidance does, however, envisage that licensing authorities should pay attention to the proposed location of gambling premises in terms of this licensing objective. Thus, where an area has known high levels of organised crime, the Council will consider carefully whether gambling premises are suitable to be located there and whether conditions may be suitable such as the provision of door supervisors. The Council is aware of the distinction between disorder and nuisance and will consider factors such as whether police assistance was required and how threatening the behaviour was to those who could see it, so as to make that distinction. Issues of nuisance cannot be addressed via the Gambling Act provisions.

Ensure that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way:

The Council has noted that the Gambling Commission states that it does not expect licensing authorities to become concerned with ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way, as this will be addressed via operating and personal licences. There is, however, more of a role with regard to tracks, which is explained in more detail in the "tracks" section.

Protecting children and adults at risk from being harmed or exploited by gambling:

The Council has noted the Gambling Commission's Guidance for local authorities states that this objective means preventing children from taking part in gambling (as well as restriction of advertising so that gambling products are not aimed at or are, particularly attractive to children). The Council will, therefore, consider, as suggested in this Guidance, whether specific measures are required at particular premises, with regard to this licensing objective. Appropriate measures may include supervision of entrances/machines, segregation of areas, etc.

The Council is also aware of the Codes of Practice, which the Gambling Commission issues as regards this licensing objective, in relation to specific premises.

As regards the term "adults at risk" it is noted that the Gambling Commission does not seek to offer a definition but states that "it will for regulatory purposes assume that this group includes people who gamble more than they want to; people who gamble beyond their means; and people who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to a mental impairment, alcohol or drugs". The Council will consider this licensing objective on a case by case basis.

The Gambling Commission Guidance to Local Authorities sets out considerations that an operator must make in order to protect children and adults at risk from accessing gambling premises.

The Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice (LCCP) <u>Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice (gamblingcommission.gov.uk)</u> prescribe how operators must prevent children from using age restricted gaming or gambling activities, particularly where gaming machines are licensed.

In particular operators must ensure that;

- all staff are trained (training is available from a number of sources including Addiction Recovery Agency (ARA) and GamCare.
- that all customers are supervised when on gambling premises
- must have procedures for identifying customers who are at risk of gambling related harm and also where to signpost people for support.
- GambleAware recently published <u>interactive maps</u> which will be used by local authorities. The maps show the prevalence of problem gambling severity in each area as well as usage of, and reported demand for, treatment and gambling harms. It is recommended also that operators are familiar with such maps.
- There are a number of sources that can be used to signpost people for support including <u>GamCare</u>, and also as well as providing training, <u>ARA provides a free</u> <u>Gambling Addiction Treatment</u>

The Council will expect all operators to have policies and procedures in place as required by the LCCP codes on social responsibility to cover all aspects of the code, in particular staff training records and self-exclusion records.

Further provisions with regard to self-exclusion and marketing are included in the social responsibility code. The council will take all conditions and codes into account when considering applications or performing enforcement activities.

See section 6 of this policy statement for further details and on the Council's requirements in relation to the LCCP.

The Council will have regard to the report of the Chief Medical Officer for Wales to support the licensing objective in order to protect children and adults at risk from being harmed or exploited by gambling. It has been recognised in the joint report on the 'True Cost of Gambling' by Public Health Wales and Bangor University that population groups at greater risk of experiencing problem gambling and/or gambling related harms include:

- Children, either because of their own gambling or because of parental or carer gambling.
- Individuals living in most deprived areas, with problem gambling being over seven times higher compared to individuals living in least deprived areas.

The Council would expect applicants and licence holders to carry out the necessary checks on all relevant members of staff to ensure their suitability for employment, particularly in respect of premises where children and adults at risk have access. The Council is guided by the recommendation of the Local Government Association's publication on the approach Council's should take to tackle gambling related harm.

There are a number of safeguarding themes which can be linked to gambling which require vigilance on the part of operators and licence holders, who should take the following matters into consideration;-

- human trafficking and modern day slavery (this can manifest itself in the domination of employees, mistreatment and criminality;
- child sexual exploitation children can be attracted to gambling machines by being given money or the promise of money which can result in them being exploited and criminalised:
- neglect due to a gambling addiction.

2.7 Bet-Watch:

The Council encourages and will support local operators to create and maintain an information sharing network to discuss issues of problem gamblers that are identified. This will also be an opportunity for operators to discuss issues with the licensing officers.

2.8 Conditions:

All Gambling Act 2005 premises licences are subject to mandatory and default conditions. Additional conditions will only be considered where there is clear evidence of a risk to one or more of the licensing objectives and in circumstances where there is a need to supplement the mandatory and default conditions.

Any conditions attached to licences will be proportionate and will be:

- Relevant to the need to make the proposed building suitable as a gambling facility;
- Directly related to the premises and the type of licence applied for;
- Fairly and reasonably related to the scale and type of premises; and
- Reasonable in all other respects.

Decisions upon individual conditions will be made on a case by case basis, although there will be a number of measures the Council will consider utilising should there be a perceived need, such as the use of supervisors, appropriate signage for adult only areas, etc. Specific regard will be taken to the local risk assessment for each premises when making decisions. There are also specific comments made in this regard under some of the licence types below. In addition, the Council will expect the licence applicant to offer his/her own suggestions as to ways in which the licensing objectives can be met effectively, in conjunction with mandatory conditions specified in the Gambling Act 2005 (Mandatory and Default Conditions) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007.

Conditions the Council may impose on a licence could include:-

Security conditions

- A minimum of two members of staff after 10pm;
- The premises will have an intruder alarm and panic button;
- A monitor shall be placed inside the premises above the front door showing CCTV images of customers entering the premises.

Anti-social behaviour conditions

- The licensee shall develop and agree a protocol with the police as to incident reporting, including the type and level of incident and mode of communication, so as to enable the police to monitor any issues arising at or in relation to the premises;
- The licensee shall place and maintain a sign at the entrance which states that 'only drinks purchased on the premises may be consumed on the premises':
- The licensee shall implement a policy of banning any customers who engage in crime or disorder within or outside the premises.

Underage controls

• Customers under 21 will have to provide ID;

- No machines in the Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centre to be sited within one metre of the Adult Gaming Centre entrance;
- Staff training records or certified copies should be available at the premises for inspection.

Player protection controls

- There shall be no cash point or ATM facilities on the premises;
- The licensee shall train staff on specific issues related to the local area and shall conduct periodic refresher training. Participation in the training shall be formally recorded and the records produced to the police or licensing authority upon request;
- Prominent Gam Care documentation will be displayed at the premises;
- The licence holder shall train all staff to be able to identify customers who are at risk from gambling.

This list is not exhaustive and merely gives an example of the type of conditions which may be imposed depending on the circumstances at each premises.

The Council will also consider specific measures, which may be required for buildings, which are subject to multiple premises licences. Such measures may include the supervision of entrances; segregation of gambling from non-gambling areas frequented by children; and the supervision of gaming machines in non-adult gambling specific premises in order to pursue the licensing objectives. These matters are in accordance with the Gambling Commission's Guidance and codes of practice.

The Council will also ensure that where category C or above machines are on offer in premises to which children are admitted:

- All such machines are located in an area of the premises which is separated from the remainder of the premises by a physical barrier which is effective to prevent access other than through a designated entrance;
- Only adults are admitted to the area where these machines are located;
- Access to the area where the machines are located is supervised:
- The area where these machines are located is arranged so that it can be observed by the staff or the licence holder; and
- At the entrance to and inside any such areas there are prominently displayed notices indicating that access to the area is prohibited to persons under 18.

These considerations will apply to premises, including buildings where multiple premises licences are applicable.

The Council is aware that tracks may be subject to one or more than one premises licence, provided each licence relates to a specified area of the track. As per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, this Council will consider the impact upon the third licensing objective and the need to ensure that entrances to each type of premises are distinct and that children are excluded from gambling areas where they are not permitted to enter.

It is noted that there are conditions, which the Council cannot attach to premises licences, which are:

- Any condition on the premises licence which makes it impossible to comply with an operating licence condition;
- Conditions relating to gaming machine categories, numbers, or method of operation;
- Conditions which provide that membership of a club or body be required (the Gambling Act 2005 specifically removes the membership requirement for casino and bingo clubs and this provision prevents it being reinstated); and
- Conditions in relation to stakes, fees, winning or prizes.

Attached at Appendix C is a copy of the mandatory and default conditions and Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council's pool of model conditions for gambling premises licences.

2.9 Door Supervisors:

The Gambling Commission advises in its guidance to licensing authorities that if it is concerned that a premises may attract disorder, or be subject to attempts at unauthorised access (e.g. by children and young persons) then it may require that the entrances to the premises are controlled by a door supervisor, and is entitled to impose a premises licence to this effect.

Where it is decided that supervision of entrances/machines is appropriate for particular cases, a consideration of whether these need to be SIA licensed or not will be necessary. It will not be automatically assumed that they need to be licensed as the statutory requirements for different types of premises vary.

2.10 Adult Gaming Centres

The Council will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and adults at risk from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the Council that there will be sufficient measures to, for example, ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the premises.

Where gambling facilities are provided at premises as a supplementary activity to the main purpose of the premises; e.g. motorway service areas and shopping malls. The Council will expect the gambling area to be clearly defined to ensure that customers are fully aware that they are making a choice to enter into the gambling premises and that the premises is adequately supervised at all times.

Licensees must not deliberately provide facilities for gambling in such a way as to appeal particularly to children or young people, for example by reflecting or being associated with youth culture. The Council will expect premises that are solely used for Adult Gaming to have windows and doors covered in such a way to stop children from looking into the venue as an extra measure to prevent the facilities appealing to children and young people. e.g. Window film, privacy screen on exit and egress points to preclude viewing inside.

2.11 (Licensed) Family Entertainment Centres

The Council will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and adults at risk from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the Council, for example, that there will be sufficient measures to ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only gaming machine areas. The applicant for a

Family Entertainment Centre provide evidence that a suitable criminal record check with the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) has been conducted on all staff in his/her employment.

Children and young persons are permitted entry to licensed FECs but are not permitted to play Category C machines. The Council expects the applicant to ensure that there will be sufficient measures in place to prevent under 18 year olds having access to the adult only gaming machine areas. The Council will expect applicants to meet the licensing objectives and comply with all mandatory conditions and Codes of Practice issued by the Gambling Commission.

There is a requirement that there must be clear segregation between the types of machine in order that children do not have access to Category C machines. All Category C machines must be located in an area of the premises which is separate from the remainder of the premises by a physical barrier, which will prevent access other than through a designated entrance. The Council will seek to ensure that:

- only adults are admitted to the area where the machines are located;
- access to the area where the machines are located is supervised;
- the area where the machines are located is arranged so that it can be observed by staff of the operator or the licence holder; and
- at the entrance to, and inside any such area there are prominently displayed notices indicating that access to the area is prohibited to persons under 18

2.12 Casinos

The Council has not passed a "no casino" resolution under Section 166 of the Gambling Act 2005, but has the power to do so at any time. Should the Council decide in the future to pass such a resolution, this Policy Statement will be amended with details of that resolution. Any such decision will be made by the full Council.

Licence Considerations/Conditions:

The Council will attach conditions to casino premises licences according to the principles set out in the Gambling Commission's Guidance, bearing in mind the mandatory conditions listed in the Guidance, and the Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice published by the Gambling Commission.

Betting Machines:

The Council will, as per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, take into account the size of the premises, the number of counter positions available for person-to-person transactions, and the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons (it is an offence for those under 18 to bet) or by vulnerable people when considering the number/nature/circumstances of betting machines an operator wants to offer

2.13 Bingo Premises

Licensing Authorities will need to satisfy themselves that bingo can be played in any bingo premises for which they issue a premises licence. This will be a relevant consideration where the operator of an existing bingo premises applies to vary their licence to exclude

an area of the existing premises from its ambit and then applies for a new premises licence, or multiple licences, for that or those excluded areas.

A holder of bingo premises licences may make available for use of a number of category B gaming machines, not exceeding 20% of the total number of gaming machines, which are available for use on the premises

Children and young people are allowed into bingo premises; however, they are not permitted to participate in the bingo and if category B or C machines are made available for use, these must be separated from areas where children and young people are allowed.

Where Category C or above machines are available in the bingo premises to which children are admitted, the Council will seek to ensure that:-

- all such machines are located in an area of the premises separate from the remainder of the premises by a physical barrier to prevent access other than through a designated entrance;
- only adults are admitted to the area where the machines are located;
- access to the area where the machines are located is supervised;
- the area where the machines are located is arranged so that it can be observed by staff or the licence holder; and
- at the entrance to, and inside any such area, notices are prominently displayed indicating that access to the area is prohibited to persons under 18.

Where bingo is permitted in alcohol-licensed premises, this must be low turnover bingo only and applicants are expected to comply with any Codes of Practice and advice issued by the Gambling Commission. High turnover bingo will require a Bingo Operating Licence.

2.14 Betting Premises

Self Service Betting Terminals (SSBTs):

The Act provides that a machine is not a gaming machine if it is designed or adapted for use to bet on future real events. Betting premises may make available machines that accept bets on live events, such as horseracing, as a substitute for placing a bet over the counter. These "betting machines" are not gaming machines: they merely automate the process, which can be conducted in person and, therefore, do not require regulation as a gaming machine.

However, where a machine is made available to take bets on virtual races (that is, results and/or images generated by computer to resemble races or other events) that machine **is** a gaming machine and counts towards the maximum permitted number of gaming machines, and must meet the relevant category limitations for the premises.

The Council will, as per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, take into account the size of the premises, the number of counter positions available for person-to-person transactions, and the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons (it is an offence for those under 18 to bet) or by vulnerable people, when considering the number/nature/circumstances of betting machines an operator wants to offer. The premises should also display notices with contact for help organisations e.g. GamCare.

The Authority recognises that certain bookmakers have a number of premises within its area. In order to ensure that any compliance issues are recognised and resolved at the earliest stage, operators are requested to give the authority a single named point of contact who should be a senior individual and to whom the Authority will contact first should any compliance queries or issues arise.

Gaming machines

Section 235(1) of the Gambling Act 2005 sets out the definition of a gaming machine and states that a 'gaming machine' means a machine which is designed or adapted for use by individuals to gamble (whether or not it can be used for other purposes). The Gambling Act 2005 provides further information in relation to exemptions.

2.15 Tracks

The Council is aware that tracks may be subject to one or more than one premises licence, provided each licence relates to a specified area of the track. As per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, the Council will especially consider the impact upon the third licensing objective (i.e. protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling) and the need to ensure that entrances to each type of premises are distinct and that children are excluded from gambling areas where they are not permitted to enter.

The Council will therefore expect the premises licence applicant to demonstrate suitable measures to ensure that children do not have access to adult only gaming facilities. It is noted that children and young persons will be permitted to enter track areas where facilities for betting are provided on days when dog racing and/or horse racing takes place, but that they are still prevented from entering areas where gaming machines (other than category D machines) are provided.

2.16 Gaming Machines:

There are a number of categories of gaming machine permitted at licensed and other premises and the number of such machines that may be permitted in each type of gambling premises are set out in the Act. The Council does not have the power to set different limits or further expand or restrict the categories of machine that are permitted. The exception to this is alcohol-licensed premises that hold gaming machine permits, where licensing authorities have discretion to specify the number of permitted gaming machines. In addition, limits are set separately in the Act for certain types of permit issued by licensing authorities. A table setting out gaming machine entitlement at each type of premises is attached at Appendix D.

There is a minimum age of 18 for all players for all category A, B and C machines, including category B3A gaming machines offering lottery style games. However there is no minimum age for players of category D machines. The holder of any permit or premises licence must comply with the codes of practice issued by the Commission on the location of and access to gaming machines by children and young persons, and the separation from category C and B machines where those are also located on the same premises.

Where the applicant holds a pool betting operating licence and is going to use the entitlement to four gaming machines, machines (other than Category D machines) should be located in areas from which children are excluded.

2.17 Betting Machines:

The Council will, as per the Gambling Commission's Guidance, take into account the size of the premises and the ability of staff to monitor the use of machines by children and young persons (it is an offence for those under 18 to bet) or by adults at risk, when considering the number/nature/circumstances of betting machines an operator wants to offer.

2.18 Applications and plans:

The Gambling Act 2005 and regulations require applicants to submit plans of the premises with their application, in order to ensure that the Council has the necessary information to make an informed judgement about whether the premises are fit for gambling. They will also be used for the Council to plan future premises inspection activity.

Plans for tracks should be drawn to scale sufficiently detailed to include the information required by regulations.

Some tracks may be situated on agricultural land where the perimeter is not defined by virtue of an outer wall or fence, such as point-to-point racetracks. In such instances, where an entry fee is levied, track premises licence holders may erect temporary structures to restrict access to premises.

In the rare cases where the outer perimeter cannot be defined, it is likely that the track in question will not be specifically designed for the frequent holding of sporting events or races. In such cases betting facilities may be better provided through occasional use notices where the boundary premises do not need to be defined.

The Council appreciates that it is sometimes difficult to define the precise location of betting areas on tracks. The precise location of where betting facilities are provided is not required to be shown on track plans, both by virtue of the fact that betting is permitted anywhere on the premises and because of the difficulties associated with pinpointing exact locations for some types of track. Applicants should provide sufficient information that this Council can satisfy itself that the plan indicates the main areas where betting might take place. For racecourses in particular, any betting area subject to the "five times rule" (commonly known as betting rings) must be indicated on the plan.

2.19 Travelling Fairs

This Council is responsible for deciding whether, where category D machines and/or equal chance prize gaming without a permit is to be made available for use at travelling fairs, the statutory requirement that the facilities for gambling amount to no more than an ancillary amusement at the fair is met.

The Council will also consider whether the applicant falls within the statutory definition of a travelling fair contained in Section 286 of the Gambling Act 2005.

The 27-day statutory maximum for the land being used as a fair, is per calendar year, and that it applies to the piece of land on which the fairs are held, regardless of whether it is the same or different travelling fairs occupying the land. The Council will work with its neighbouring authorities to ensure that land, which crosses our boundaries, is monitored so that the statutory limits are not exceeded.

2.20 Provisional Statements

Developers may wish to apply to this Council for provisional statements before entering into a contract to buy or lease property or land to judge whether a development is worth taking forward in light of the need to obtain a premises licence. There is no need for the applicant to hold an operating licence in order to apply for a provisional statement.

Section 204 of the Gambling Act 2005 provides for a person to make an application to the Council for a provisional statement in respect of premises that he or she:

- expects to be constructed;
- · expects to be altered; or
- expects to acquire a right to occupy.

The process for considering an application for a provisional statement is the same as that for a premises licence application. The applicant is obliged to give notice of the application in the same way as applying for a premises licence. Responsible authorities and interested parties may make representations and there are rights of appeal.

In contrast to the premises licence application, the applicant does not have to hold or have applied for an operating licence from the Gambling Commission (except in the case of a track) and they do not have to have a right to occupy the premises in respect of which their provisional application is made.

The holder of a provisional statement may then apply for a premises licence once the premises are constructed, altered or acquired. The Council will be constrained in the matters it can consider when determining the premises licence application, and in terms of representations about premises licence applications that follow the grant of a provisional statement, no further representations from relevant authorities or interested parties can be taken into account unless:

- they concern matters which could not have been addressed at the provisional statement stage; or
- they reflect a change in the applicant's circumstances.

In addition, the Council may refuse the premises licence (or grant it on terms different to those attached to the provisional statement) only by reference to matters:

- which could not have been raised by objectors at the provisional statement stage;
- which in the Council's opinion reflect a change in the operator's circumstances; or
- where the premises has not been constructed in accordance with the plan submitted with the application. This must be a substantial change to the plan and this Council notes that it can discuss any concerns it has with the applicant before making a decision.

3. PERMITS, TEMPORARY AND OCCASIONAL USE NOTICES

These forms of authorisations are as follows:-

- Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centres (uFEC) Permits
- Prize Gaming Permits
- Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits
- Club Gaming Permits
- Club Gaming Machine Permits
- Temporary Use Notices (TUNs)
- Occasional Use Notices (OUNs)

3.1 Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centre Permits

Only premises that are wholly or mainly used for making gaming machines available may hold an Unlicensed Family Entertainment Centre. As a result, it is generally not permissible for such premises to correspond to an entire shopping centre, airport, motorway service station or similar. Typically, the machines will be in a designated enclosed area and clearly defined when making an application to the Council.

Where a premises does not hold a Premises Licence but wishes to provide category D gaming machines, it may apply to the Council for this permit.

It should be noted that the applicant must show that the premises will be wholly or mainly used for making gaming machines available for use and would, therefore, exclude any premises primarily used for any other purposes, e.g. canteens, fast food takeaways, leisure centres, garages and petrol filling stations, taxi offices.

An application for a permit may be granted only if the Council is satisfied that the premises will be used as an unlicensed Family Entertainment Centre and the Chief Officer of Police has been consulted on the application.

The Council will expect the applicant to show that there are policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations. The efficiency of such policies and procedures will each be considered on their merits. However, they may include appropriate measures/training for staff as regards suspected truant school children on the premises, measures/training covering how staff would deal with unsupervised very young children being on the premises, or children causing perceived problems on/around the premises.

This Council will also expect, as per Gambling Commission Guidance, that applicants demonstrate:-

- a full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes of the gambling that is permissible in unlicensed Family Entertainment Centres;
- that they have no relevant convictions (those that are set out in Schedule 7 of the Act);
- that staff are trained to have a full understanding of the maximum stakes and prizes.

It should be noted that the Council cannot attach conditions to this type of permit.

3.2 (Alcohol) Licensed Premises Gaming Machine Permits

There is provision in the Act for premises licensed to sell alcohol for consumption on the premises, to automatically have 2 gaming machines, of categories C and/or D. The premises merely need to notify the licensing authority. The Council can remove the automatic authorisation in respect of any particular premises if:

- Provision of the machines is not reasonably consistent with the pursuit of the licensing objectives;
- Gaming has taken place on the premises that breaches a condition of Section 282 of the Gambling Act (i.e. that written notice has been provided to the licensing authority, that a fee has been provided and that any relevant code of practice issued by the Gambling Commission about the location and operation of the machine has been complied with);
- The premises are mainly used for gaming; or
- An offence under the Gambling Act has been committed on the premises.

If a premises wishes to have more than 2 machines, then an application for a permit must be submitted and the Council must consider that application based upon the licensing objectives, any guidance and codes of practice issued by the Gambling Commission and "such matters as the Council think relevant." The Council considers that "such matters" will be decided on a case by case basis but generally there will be regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the Council that there will be sufficient measures to ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only gaming machines. Measures which will satisfy the Council that there will be no access may include the adult machines being in sight of the bar, or in the sight of staff who will monitor that the machines are not being used by those under 18. Notices and signage may also be of help. As regards the protection of vulnerable persons, applicants may wish to consider the provision of information leaflets/helpline numbers for organisations such as Gam Care.

It is recognised that some alcohol licensed premises may apply for a premises licence for their non-alcohol licensed areas. Any such application would most likely need to be applied for, and dealt with as an Adult Gaming Centre premises licence.

It should be noted that the Council can decide to grant the application with a smaller number of machines and/or a different category of machines than that applied for. Conditions (other than these) cannot be attached.

It should also be noted that the holder of a permit must comply with any Code of Practice issued by the Gambling Commission about the location and operation of the machine.

3.3 Prize Gaming Permits

The Council has the right in accordance with this 'Statement of Principles' to specify matters that this authority propose to consider in determining the suitability of the applicant for a permit.

It also specifies that the applicant should set out the types of gaming that he or she is intending to offer and that the applicant should be able to demonstrate:-

• That they understand the limits to stakes and prizes that are set out in Regulations;

- And that the gaming offered is within the law;
- Clear policies that outline the steps to be taken to protect children from harm.

In making its decision on an application for this permit the licensing authority does not need to have regard to the licensing objectives but must have regard to any Gambling Commission guidance.

It should be noted that there are conditions in the Gambling Act 2005 by which the permit holder must comply, but that the licensing authority cannot attach conditions. The conditions in the Act are:-

- The limits on participation fees, as set out in regulations, must be complied with;
- All chances to participate in the gaming must be allocated on the premises on which
 the gaming is taking place and on one day; the game must be played and
 completed on the day the chances are allocated; and the result of the game must
 be made public in the premises on the day that it is played;
- The prize for which the game is played must not exceed the amount set out in regulations (if a money prize), or the prescribed value (if non-monetary prize); and
- Participation in the gaming must not entitle the player to take part in any other gambling.

3.4 Club Gaming and Club Machine Permits

Members Clubs and Miners' Welfare Institutes (but not Commercial Clubs) may apply for a Club Gaming Permit or a Club Gaming Machines Permit. The Club Gaming Permit will enable the premises to provide gaming machines (3 machines of categories B, C or D), equal chance gaming and games of chance. Members Clubs and Miners' Institutes and also Commercial Clubs may apply for a Club Machine Permit. A Club Gaming Machine Permit will enable the premises to provide gaming machines (3 machines of categories B, C or D). Commercial Clubs may not site category B3A gaming machines offering lottery games in their club.

The Council has to satisfy itself that the club meets the requirements of the Act to obtain a club gaming permit. In doing so it will take into account a number of matters as outlined in the Gambling Commission's Guidance. These include the constitution of the club, the frequency of gaming, and ensuring that there are more than 25 members.

The club must be conducted "wholly or mainly" for purposes other than gaming, unless the gaming is permitted by separate regulations. The Secretary of State has made regulations and these cover bridge and whist clubs.

The Council may only refuse an application on the grounds that:

- (a) The applicant does not fulfil the requirements for a members' or commercial club or miners' welfare institute and therefore is not entitled to receive the type of permit for which it has applied;
- (b) The applicant's premises are used wholly or mainly by children and/or young persons;
- (c) An offence under the Act or a breach of a permit has been committed by the applicant while providing gaming facilities;
- (d) A permit held by the applicant has been cancelled in the previous ten years; or

(e) An objection has been lodged by the Commission or the police.

There is also a 'fast-track' procedure available under the Act for premises which hold a Club Premises Certificate under the Licensing Act 2003 (Schedule 12 paragraph 10). Commercial clubs cannot hold Club Premises Certificates under the Licensing Act 2003 and so cannot use the fast track procedure. As the Gambling Commission's Guidance for local authorities states: "Under the fast-track procedure there is no opportunity for objections to be made by the Commission or the police, and the grounds upon which an authority can refuse a permit are reduced." and "The grounds on which an application under the process may be refused are:

- (a) That the club is established primarily for gaming, other than gaming prescribed under schedule 12;
- (b) That in addition to the prescribed gaming, the applicant provides facilities for other gaming; or
- (c) That a club gaming permit or club machine permit issued to the applicant in the last ten years has been cancelled."

There are statutory conditions on club gaming permits that no child uses a category B or C machine on the premises and that the holder complies with any relevant provision of a code of practice about the location and operation of gaming machines.

3.5 Temporary Use Notices (TUNs)

Temporary Use Notices allow the use of premises for gambling where there is no premises licence but where a gambling operator wishes to use the premises temporarily for providing facilities for gambling. Premises that might be suitable for a Temporary Use Notice, according to the Gambling Commission, would include hotels, conference centres and sporting venues.

The Council can only grant a Temporary Use Notice to a person or company holding a relevant operating licence, i.e. a non-remote casino operating licence.

The Secretary of State has the power to determine what form of gambling can be authorised by Temporary Use Notices. The Gambling Act 2005 (Temporary Use Notices) Regulations 2007 state that Temporary Use Notices can only be used to permit the provision of facilities or equal chance gaming, where the gaming is intended to produce a single winner, which in practice means poker tournaments.

There are a number of statutory limits as regards temporary use notices. The meaning of "premises" is discussed in the Gambling Commission Guidance. As with "premises", the definition of "a set of premises" will be a question of fact in the particular circumstances of each notice that is given. In the Act "premises" is defined as including "any place". In considering whether a place falls within the definition of "a set of premises", the Council needs to look at, amongst other things, the ownership/occupation and control of the premises.

This Council expects to object to notices where it appears that their effect would be to permit regular gambling in a place that could be described as one set of premises; as recommended by the Gambling Commission's guidance to licensing authorities.

3.6 Occasional Use Notices (OUNs)

Where there is betting on a track on 8 days or fewer in a calendar year, betting may be permitted by an occasional use notice (OUN)without the need for a full premises licence. The intention behind OUNs is to permit licensed betting operators with appropriate permission from the Commission, to use tracks for short periods for conducting betting, where the event upon which the betting is to take place is of a temporary, infrequent nature (the OUN dispenses with the need for a betting premises licence for the track in these circumstances).

Non-commercial, fundraising race nights can be run as betting events at sporting venues under the authority of an OUN, whether or not the sporting event on which the bets are taken is held at that venue. The sporting event on which the bets are or will be taken also need not be taking place at the same time as the betting under the OUN.

The Council has very little discretion as regards these notices aside from ensuring that the statutory limit of 8 days in a calendar year is not exceeded. The Council will though consider the definition of a 'track' and whether the applicant is permitted to avail him/herself of the notice.

4. SMALL SOCIETY LOTTERIES

The Gambling Act 2005 sets out a definition of a lottery, detailed below, and provides that promoting or facilitating a lottery is illegal, unless it falls into one of two categories of permitted lottery, namely:

- licensed lotteries these are large society lotteries and lotteries run for the benefit
 of local authorities that are regulated by the Commission and require operating
 licences;
- exempt lotteries there are four types of exempt lottery that are expressly permitted under Schedule 11 of the Act, including the small society lottery.

A lottery is any arrangement that satisfies all of the criteria contained within the statutory description of either a simple lottery or a complex lottery, in accordance with section 14 of the Act.

A 'society' is the society, or any separate branch of such a society, on whose behalf a lottery is to be promoted, and has been established as a non-commercial organisation. Section 19 of the Act defines a society as such if it is established and conducted:

- for charitable purposes, as defined in section 2 of the Charities Act 2006;
- for the purpose of enabling participation in, or of supporting, sport, athletics or a cultural activity;
- for any other non-commercial purpose other than that of private gain.

The society must have been established for one of the permitted purposes as set out in section 19 of the Act, and that the proceeds of any lottery must be devoted to those purposes. It is not permissible to establish a society whose sole purpose is to facilitate lotteries.

Local authorities are entitled to operate their own lotteries, but may only do so if licensed by the Gambling Commission. Local authorities must commit a minimum of 20% of the proceeds from such lotteries for a purpose for which they have power to incur expenditure, and must also adhere to the other relevant provisions in the Act. They may also need to hold a remote gambling operating licence, in the event that they wish to sell lottery tickets via electronic or other remote technological methods such as over the telephone, email or via the internet.

Applications for small society lottery registrations must be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State and must be accompanied by a registration fee and a copy of the terms and conditions and the constitution to prove that they are a non-commercial society. Paragraphs 47 and 48 of Schedule 11 of the Act set out the grounds for licensing authorities to refuse a small society lottery registration application whilst Paragraph 50 allows a Licensing Authority to revoke an existing small society registration in cases where they think that they would be obliged or permitted to refuse an application for the registration were it being made anew.

The Council will adopt a risk based approach towards its enforcement responsibilities for small society lotteries. The Council considers that the following list, although not exclusive, could affect the risk status of the operator:

- submission of late returns (returns must be submitted no later than three months after the date on which the lottery draw was held);
- submission of incomplete or incorrect returns;
- breaches of the limits for small society lotteries.
- Conviction(s) for relevant offences as detailed in Schedule 7 of the Gambling Act 2005.

Non-commercial gaming is permitted if it takes place at a non-commercial event, either as an incidental or principal activity at the event. Events are non-commercial if no part of the proceeds is for private profit or gain. The proceeds of such events may benefit one or more individuals if the activity is organised:

- by, or on behalf of, a charity or for charitable purposes
- to enable participation in, or support of, sporting, athletic or cultural activities.

Charities and community groups should contact the Council's Licensing Team to seek further advice.

Additional guidance issued by the Gambling Commission is available here <u>How to run a</u> small society lottery (gamblingcommission.gov.uk)

5. DECISION MAKING

5.1 Administration, Exercise and Delegation of Functions

The powers and duties of the Council under the Act may be carried out by the Licensing Committee, by a Sub-Committee or by one or more officers acting under delegated authority.

It is considered that many of the functions will be largely administrative in nature with no perceived areas of contention. In the interests of efficiency and cost effectiveness these will, for the most part, be carried out by officers.

The following schedule sets out the recommended delegation of functions and decisions by guidance. The Council may, nevertheless, refer any matter to the Licensing Committee or Sub-Committee.

The schedule of delegation of licensing functions is attached at Appendix E.

5.2 Appeals Procedure

Entitlements to appeal for parties aggrieved by decisions of the Council are set out in Sections 206 to 209 of the 2005 Act. Appeals must be made to the Magistrates Court for the area in which the licensing authority, which has considered the application, is situated.

An appeal has to be commenced by giving notice of the appeal by the appellant to; The Clerk to the Justices, Gwent Magistrates Court, The Law Courts, Faulkner Road, Newport, NP20 4PR, within a period of 21 days, beginning with the day on which the appellant was notified by the Council of the decision to be appealed against.

On determining an appeal, the Court may:

- Dismiss the appeal;
- Substitute the decision appealed against with any other decision that could have been made by the licensing authority;
- Remit the case to the licensing authority to dispose of the appeal in accordance with the direction of the Court.
- Make an order about costs.

5.3 Giving Reasons for Decisions

In anticipation of such appeals, the Council will give comprehensive reasons for its decisions. The Council will address the extent to which decisions have been made with regard to any relevant codes of practice and guidance issued by the Gambling Commission, reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives and in accordance with this Policy Statement.

5.4 Implementing the Determination of the Magistrates' Court

As soon as the decision of the Magistrates' Court has been notified to all parties, the Council will not delay its implementation and necessary action will be taken forthwith unless ordered by a higher court to suspend such action (for example, as a result of an ongoing judicial review). The Act provides for no other appeal against the determination of the Magistrates' Court.

5.5 Complaints against Licensed Premises

The Council will investigate complaints against licensed premises in relation to matters relating to the licensing objectives for which it has responsibility. In the first instance,

complainants are encouraged to raise the complaint directly with the licence holder or business concerned to seek a local resolution.

Where an interested party has made either a valid representation about licensed premises or a valid application for a licence to be reviewed, the Council may initially arrange a conciliation meeting to address and clarify the issues of concern.

This process will not override the right of any interested party to ask that the Licensing Committee consider their valid objections, or for any licence holder to decline to participate in a conciliation meeting.

Due consideration will be given to all relevant representations unless they fit the exceptions in 5.6 below.

5.6 Reviews

Requests for a review can be made by Interested Parties or Responsible Authorities. However, it is for the Council to decide whether the review is to be carried out based upon any relevant codes of practice and guidance issued by the Gambling Commission, reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives and in accordance with this Policy Statement.

The request for the review will also be subject to the consideration by the Council as to whether it is frivolous, vexatious, or whether it will not cause this Council to alter/revoke/suspend the licence, or whether it is substantially the same as previous representations or requests for review.

The Council can also initiate a review of a particular premises licence, or a particular class of premises licence on the basis of any reason, which it thinks is appropriate.

Once a valid application for a review has been received by the Council, representations can be made by responsible authorities and interested parties during a 28 day period. This period begins 7 days after the application was received by the Council, who will publish notice of the application within 7 days of receipt.

The Council must carry out the review as soon as possible after the 28 day period for making representations has passed.

The purpose of the review will be to determine whether the Council should take any action in relation to the licence. If action is justified, the options open to the Council are:-

- add, remove or amend a licence condition imposed by the Council;
- exclude a default condition imposed by the Secretary of State (e.g. opening hours) or remove or amend such an exclusion;
- suspend the premises licence for a period not exceeding three months; and
- revoke the premises licence.

In determining what action, if any, should be taken following a review, the Council must have regard to the principles set out in Section 153 of the Act, as well as any relevant representations.

In particular, the Council may also initiate a review of a premises licence on the grounds that a premises licence holder has not provided facilities for gambling at the premises. This is to prevent people from applying for licences in a speculative manner without intending to use them.

Once the review has been completed, the Council must, as soon as possible, notify its decision to:

- the licence holder;
- the applicant for review (if any);
- the Commission:
- any person who made representations;
- the chief officer of police or chief constable; and
- Her Majesty's Commissioners for Revenue and Customs.

6. LICENSING CONDITIONS AND CODES OF PRACTICE (LCCP) including Risk Assessments

The Gambling Act 2005 requires the Gambling Commission to issue one or more codes of practice about the manner in which facilities for gambling are provided. The codes may be directed at the holders of operating or personal licences, or any other person involved in providing facilities for gambling.

The Act also requires licensing authorities to take into account when exercising their functions, any relevant code of practice issued by the Commission under section 24, in this case:-

- The Commission's Licence conditions and codes of practice (LCCP), which apply to holders of Gambling Commission operating or personal licences <u>Licence Conditions</u> and <u>Codes of Practice (gamblingcommission.gov.uk)</u>;
- Other codes these are the Commission's code of practice for equal chance gaming and its code of practice for gaming machines in clubs and premises with an alcohol licence

The LCCP contains two types of code provision:

Social responsibility code provisions

These are provisions describing arrangements which should be made by persons providing facilities for gambling for the purpose of:-

- (a) ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way;
- (b) protecting children and other vulnerable persons form being harmed or exploited by gambling; and
- (c) making assistance available to persons who are or may be affected by problems related to gambling.

Compliance with these is a condition of operator licences; therefore any breach of them by a licensed operator may lead the Commission to review the operator's licence with a view to suspension, revocation or the imposition of a financial penalty and would also expose the operator to the risk of prosecution.

Ordinary code provisions

These do not have the status of licence conditions in the case of licensed operators, but set out good practice. Codes of practice are admissible in evidence in criminal or civil proceedings and must be taken into account in any case in which the court or tribunal think them relevant, and by the Commission in the exercise of its functions; any departure from code provisions by an operator may be taken into account by the Commission, for example on a licence review (but could not lead to imposition of a financial penalty).

However, the Commission has made it clear that licensed operators may adopt alternative approaches to those set out if they have actively taken account of the provision and can demonstrate that an alternative approach is reasonable in the particular circumstances; or that to take an alternative approach would be acting in a similarly effective manner.

Risk Assessments - Premises

The LCCP requires all existing licensees that provide gambling at their premises to assess the local risks to the licensing objectives and have policies, procedures and control measures to reduce those risks. Licensees must take into account any relevant matters identified in the licensing authorities (gambling) Statement of Policy when making their risk assessments.

A local risk assessment should <u>also</u> be undertaken or updated by a licensee, when applying for:-

- A new premises licence;
- When applying for a variation of an existing premises licence;
- To take into account any local significant changes in the local area;
- When there are significant changes within their premises that may affect the existing local risk assessment.

Operators are required to make the risk assessment available to licensing authorities when an application is submitted and a copy should be kept at the premises or otherwise on request, and this will form part of the Council's inspection regime or investigating complaints.

The code requires the Council to set out matters they expect the operator to take account of in the risk assessment in its statement of policy and this Council expects the following matters to be considered by operators when making their risk assessment:-

- Information held by the licensee regarding self-exclusions and incidences of underage gambling,
- · Gaming trends that may reflect benefit payments;
- Arrangement for localised exchange of information regarding self-exclusions and gaming trends;
- Urban setting such as proximity to schools, commercial environment, factors affecting footfall;
- Range of facilities in proximity to the licensed premises such as other gambling outlets, banks, post offices, refreshment and entertainment type facilities;
- Known problems in the area such as problems arising from street drinkers, youths participating in anti-social behaviour, drug dealing activities, etc.

Betting Track Premises – The Gambling Commission states within its LCCP code that Operators are required to make a risk assessment. However, Betting Track Premises are not required to seek an Operator's Licence with the Gambling Commission and as such are not required to conduct a risk assessment. However, in the interest of promoting the objectives of the Gambling Act 2005, this Council would expect a Betting Track Premises to conduct a risk assessment for their premises.

The Council expects the following matters to be considered by operators when making their risk assessment:-

Matters relating to children and young persons, including:-

- Institutions, places or areas where presence of children and young persons should be expected such as schools, youth clubs, parks, playgrounds and entertainment venues such as bowling allies, cinemas etc.;
- Any premises where children congregate including bus stops, café's, shops, and any other place where children are attracted;
- Areas that are prone to issues of youths participating in anti-social behaviour, including such activities as graffiti/tagging, underage drinking, etc.;
- Recorded incidents of attempted underage gambling;
- Children's care homes and care facilities;
- Recorded incidents of attempted underage gambling.

Matters relating to adults at risk, including:-

- Information held by the licensee regarding self-exclusions and incidences of underage gambling;
- Gaming trends that may mirror days for financial payments such as pay days or benefit payments;
- Arrangement for localised exchange of information regarding self-exclusions and gaming trends;
- Proximity of premises which may be frequented by vulnerable people such as hospitals, residential care homes, medical facilities, doctor's surgeries, council housing offices, addiction clinics or help centres, places where alcohol or drug dependant people may congregate, etc. The consideration of the location of alcohol licensed premises will also be a key consideration for gambling licence applications.

Other issues that may be considered could include:-

- Matters of faith, including all religious or faith denominations including proximity to churches, mosques, temples or any other place of worship.
- the economic make-up of an area;
- the surrounding night-time economy;
- children's homes and care facilities;
- the area footfall eq. residential or commercial areas;
- banks and ATM nearby:
- known anti-social behaviour issues;
- housing facilities;
- job centres;
- hostel and support services for the homeless;
- alcohol and drug support facilities;

- pawn brokers and payday loan businesses;
- other gambling premises;
- If there is an existing cluster of gambling premises
- mental health facilities;
- community buildings;
- residential care establishments;
- transport and parking facilities eg. bus stops, taxi ranks, train stations;
- presences of rough sleepers;
- unemployment rates for area;
- types and rates of crime in the area that could impact on the premises
- areas with significant areas of children, eg parks and playgrounds.

This list is not exhaustive and other factors not in this list that are identified must be taken into consideration.

Significant changes to the premises

From time to time operators will undertake a refresh of the premises' layout and décor, which is unlikely to prompt a review of the risk assessment for that premises. However, where there is a significant change at the premises that may affect the mitigation of local risks, then an operator must review its risk assessment and if necessary update it, taking into account the change and how it may affect one or more of the licensing objectives.

It is expected that gambling operators will undertake this risk assessment process as a matter of course for any premises refit, changes to layout or internal control measures. If any changes do require a review of the risk assessments for that premises gambling operators should ensure that they have a system in place to record and action any measures identified in that review.

The gambling operator will be responsible for identifying when a significant change to the premises has occurred. In order to assist gambling operators, the Council has provided the following list of examples of what could be classified as a significant change to the premises (some of which may also require a variation to the existing premises licence).

- Any building work or premises refit where gambling facilities are relocated within the premises;
- The premises licence is transferred to a new operator who will operate the premises with its own procedures and policies which are different to those of the previous licensee;
- Any change to the operator's internal policies which as a result requires additional or changes to existing control measures; and/or staff will require retraining on those policy changes;
- The entrance or entrances to the premises are changed, for example, the door materials are changed from metal with glazing to a full glass door or doors are reallocated from egress to ingress or vice versa;
- New gambling facilities are made available on the premises which were not provided previously, for example, bet in play, handheld gaming devices for customers, Self Service Betting Terminals, or a different category of gaming machine is provided;

 The premises operator makes an application for a licence at that premises to provide an activity under a different regulatory regime, for example, to permit the sale of alcohol.

As with the examples of significant changes in local circumstances, the list above is not an exhaustive list of significant changes to premises.

The Council will not, as general practice, request a copy of the reviewed risk assessment if a significant change to the licensed premises has occurred, unless the change is one that will necessitate a variation application.

Variation of the premises licence

Variations to premises licences are only those required to be made under section 187 of the Act and will not include changes of circumstances such as a change of premises' name or a change of licensee's address, etc.

The Commissions LCCP social responsibility code provision 10.1.1 requires that gambling operators must undertake a review of the local risk assessment and update it if necessary when preparing an application to vary the premises licence. Operators submitting a variation application to the Council may consider submitting a copy of the reviewed local risk assessment when submitting the application. This will then negate the need for the Council requesting to see a copy of this risk assessment and could potentially reduce the likelihood of a representation being made to the application.

If an operator wishes to vary a converted casino premises licence from one premises to another then the gambling operator should consider producing a new risk assessment for that premises. It is advisable that a copy of that assessment is submitted to the Council with the application form.

Regular review of risk assessment

As a matter of best practice the Council recommends that operators establish a regular review regime in respect of their local risk assessments. This review programme can be carried out alongside other reviews on Health and Safety risk assessments for the premises. This review programme would ensure that, regardless of whether or not any of the trigger events set out above have occurred, these risk assessments are considered at regular intervals and updated if necessary.

It will be up to the gambling operator as to the frequency of these reviews but it is recommended that no more than three years should pass before these assessments are reviewed. Operators may wish to synchronise their reviews of the local risk assessments with the publication of the Council's Statement of Licensing Principles for Gambling. This would enable gambling operators to consider the Local Area Profile, which has been published in the Council's Statement of Licensing Principles for Gambling.

Local risks and control measures

There are two specific parts to the risk assessment process:

- the assessment of the local risks
- the determination of appropriate mitigation to reduce those risks

The risks that operators must identify relate to the potential impact a gambling premises and its operation may have on the licensing objectives. Gambling operator should identify and list all of the local risks within the assessment that they have identified. The level of such risks can range from being low to very high depending on the potential impact that the gambling operator has assessed it to have on the licensing objectives. The level of any given risk will have a direct impact on the type and extent of the control measures that the gambling operators deems as being necessary to mitigate such risk.

Operators will already be assessing locations when looking for new sites or when reviewing the performance of their premises. The design of premises is also assessed to ensure that they will meet the needs of the gambling operation, will provide protection for staff and customers; and will have facilities for recording crime. Operators will also have implemented policies and procedures for the operation of premises in line with statutory and other regulatory requirements placed upon them by the Commission and other agencies.

Operators will already be familiar with identifying risks in relation to health and safety and food hygiene legislation. Risk assessments are also used for security and crime purposes, for example for money laundering and as part of trade association best practice, such as the Safe Bet Alliance.

This local risk assessment process, although similar requires a much broader range of considerations when identifying local risk. The requirement of the Commissions LCCP social responsibility code provision 10.1.1 is that gambling operators consider the local area in which the premises are situated and the impact that the premises operation may have on the licensing objectives.

Local area risks

There are a number of factors relating to the local area that operators may consider which is independent of who the operator believes is their target market. It will be for the gambling operator to identify these risks. However, there may be occasions that the Commission or the Council will provide information on what they perceive as being a local risk. This may be specified in the Statement of Licensing Policy or in a separate guidance document, both of which will be found on the Council's website.

The local area will be different depending on the premises and the size of its operation. For example a large Bingo hall may have a wider catchment area than a neighbourhood betting shop as the Bingo hall attracts customers from further afield.

Risk Assessment

Although gambling is a legal entertainment activity it can, in some locations, have a negative impact on individuals and the wider community. The consideration of the proximity of gambling premises to locations where groups vulnerable to problematic gambling may congregate, e.g. schools, alcohol services, supported housing, will be a priority for the applicant and licensing authority.

Gambling operational risks

The gambling operation relates to how the premises will be or is run. This will include the operator's policies and procedures which have been put in place to meet the requirements of the business, the Act and/or specific code provisions within the LCCP.

Gambling operators should identify operational risks in the local area to the licensing objectives and then consider whether there are control measures in excess of those already in place that would mitigate the risk. For example, if there is a known illegal drug use in the local area the gambling operator may consider using control measures such as maglocks on the toilet doors or change the design to the toilet to deter people from using it for illegal drug use.

It is likely that the identification of risks associated with this element of the assessment will be very similar for all premises with slight variations depending on any specific factors that relate to the premises or the local area.

The control measures that operators will put in place to mitigate any risk associated with the gambling operation will be dependent on the type of gambling activities provided, how the company operates and the size of the organisation.

Premises design risks

The design of the premises is an extremely important factor when considering local risks. For example, an Adult Gaming Centre which is located within an area which has a high number of children and young people present throughout the day, may identify that the doors on either side of the premises are being used by local children as a short cut to access the adjacent street. The appropriate mitigation in this case may be that the gambling operator closes off one of the doors to prevent it being used as a short cut.

As part of the design process, the layout of the premises is a major consideration as poorly conceived design may create significant risks to one or more of the licensing objectives. Gambling operators are experienced in premises design and often these considerations are made during the planning phase. It is advisable that gambling operators ensure that there is a process in place to record these key decisions at an early stage of the planning process for the premises design so that this can be included in their risk assessment.

Interior design risks

The internal design and layout will reflect the premises operation and the type of gambling facilities that it offers. For some premises, the design will be subject to certain limitations due to mandatory conditions on the gambling premises licence, such as the distance between gaming tables and other gambling facilities in casinos, and restrictions on the location of ATMs.

Operators should assess the risk presented by the internal layout of the premises and the location of gambling facilities within them. For example, if a gaming machine is placed within the direct line of sight of the cashier counter, then staff will be able to monitor player behaviour and undertake interventions if there is a concern over the customers' spending habits. Staff can also monitor the use of the machines and can challenge any customers who are believed to be under the age of 18, or who damage the machines, or who appear

to be attempting to launder money. By a simple assessment of the optimum location for these machines, operators can significantly reduce the risk to the licensing objectives.

Exterior design risks

The exterior of premises will be a major advertisement for the gambling operator. However, the design should be assessed based on the associated risk. Operators may identify a risk associated with the design and introduce control measures based on that perceived risk. For example, if the premises have a large amount of glass frontage in an area prone to criminal damage, operators may consider the risk of damage to the standard toughened glass to be high and introduce a control measure such as roller shutters and/or external CCTV cameras.

Control measures

Depending on the nature of the risk factors, the control measures identified to mitigate the perceived risk may be a combination of systems, design and physical measure. Control measures that relate to systems may be measures that have been put in place though policies and procedures. These can either be systems that apply to all of the operator's premises or systems that have been developed specifically for particular premises to deal with a specific local risk factor. System control measures may include staff training, security policies and procedures. They may also relate to having security personnel on entrances, implementing membership criteria and/or providing support to local vulnerable groups through financial or other means.

Design control measures are measures that are built into the design of the premises. These can include the location of gambling facilities and the design and location of cashier counters within the premises, and the exterior design of premises. For example, a control measure for the interior of the premises could involve moving a cashier counter from the rear of the premises to the front of the shop next to the main entrance. An external design control measure may involve the exterior design being tailored to address local risks, for example, more open window displays to enable staff can see out of the premises or a design to avoid attracting children to the premises.

The final control measures relate to specific physical measure that will address an identified risk factor. These physical control measures may, for example, include alarms, CCTV cameras, doors, magnetic locks, time locks on safes, spit kits, window shutters, fogging systems, UV lights in toilets.

The control measures identified to mitigate a perceived risk may involve a combination of systems, design and physical measures. For example, to address the risk factors relating to children gaining access to an over 18 restricted gambling premises, the operator may identify the following control measures:

Systems: PASS card or age verification policies, challenge 21 scheme, staff training and door staff.

Design: Exterior design which will not attract children into the premises, the entrance layout will enable staff and security to watch those entering the premises and challenge them on the grounds of age.

Physical: Magnetic door locks and ID scans.

Step 1: Undertaking a local risk assessment

The risk assessment should be carried out through a step-by-step approach. Gambling operators may first assess the local area and identify the relevant risk factors, then assess the gambling operation, and finally assess the premises design, both internal and external. Once the risk factors have been identified, the control measures to mitigate the risks should be considered. These control measures will either already be in place or will need to be implemented.

Assessors should start by identify the local risk factors surrounding the premises.
The risk factors will differ from location to location so an understanding of the
specific characteristics of the local area and the people who live, work or visit that
area is important. The use Community wellbeing profile and local knowledge will
assist.

Step 2: Gambling operation and physical design

In assessing the risk factors associated with a gambling operation the assessor should take into account the local risks which are commonly accepted by broader stakeholders and how that gambling operation may affect that risk.

The physical design of the premises is a key consideration as this could have a significant impact on the risk to the licensing objectives. In assessing the risk factors associated with the premises design and layout reference is needed to the local area risks factors already identified to ensure the design doesn't add to that risk. The design, both internal and external should be considered and specific risk factors identified and noted.

Step 3: Control measures

Once the risk factors have been identified, the assessor should seek to identify control measures that would mitigate the identified risks. Such control measures will relate to one of the three categories of control measures mentioned above (systems, design and physical). Some risk factors may require a combination of control measures to adequately mitigate the risk.

Step 4: Action Plan

Once the assessment has been carried out an action plan should be completed so that any identified actions are documented and a deadline for completing the required piece of work is set and agreed.

Completed assessment

The control measures must be implemented on the premises and, if applicable, staff on the premises should be trained in their use or trained on the new policy or procedure. The assessment must be retained and should be reviewed whenever a trigger occurs or as part of a regular review regime.

7. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information about the Gambling Act 2005, this Statement of Licensing Policy or the application process can be obtained from:

Licensing Team
Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council
The General Offices
Steelworks Road
Ebbw Vale
NP23 6DN

Telephone: 01495 369700

Email: <u>licensing@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk</u>

The Gambling Commission 4th Floor Victoria Square House Victoria Square Birmingham B2 4BP

Telephone: 0121 230 6666

Website: www.gamblingcommission.gov.uk

The Department for Culture, Media and Sport 100 Parliament Street London SW1A 2BQ

Telephone: 020 7211 2210 Website: www.culture.gov.uk

Appendix A - Responsible Authority Contact Details

| Licensing Department Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council The General Offices Steelworks Road Ebbw Vale NP23 6DN | The Gambling Commission Victoria Square House Victoria Square Birmingham B2 4BP |
|--|--|
| Tel: 01495 369700 Email: licensing@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk | Tel: 0121 230 6500 Fax: 0121 233 1096 E-mail: info@gamblingcommission.gov.uk |
| H M Revenue & Customs Excise Processing Teams BX9 1GL United Kingdom Tel: 0300 322 7072 E-mail: NRUBetting&Gaming@hmrc.gsi.gov.uk | Gwent Police Licensing Partnership and Communities (West) Ebbw Vale Police Station Ebbw Vale NP23 6UY Tel: 01443 238058 WestLPALicensingTeam@gwent.pnn.police.uk |
| South Wales Fire and Rescue Services Fire Station Forest View Business Park Llantrisant CF72 8LX Tel: 01443 232713 Fax: 01443 232716 E-mail: safety-east@southwales-fire.gov.uk | Social Services Department Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council The General Offices Steelworks Road Ebbw Vale NP23 6DN Tel: 01495 355283 |
| Environmental Health Department Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council The General Offices Steelworks Road Ebbw Vale NP23 6DN | Planning Department Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council The General Offices Steelworks Road Ebbw Vale NP23 6DN |
| Tel: 01495 369542 Email: <u>Environmental.Health@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk</u> | Tel: 01495 369847 Email: Planning@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk |

Appendix B - Access to Premises

Casinos

- The principal access entrance to the premises must be from a street;
- No entrance to a casino must be from premises that are used wholly or mainly by children and/or young persons;
- No customer must be able to enter a casino directly from any other premises, which holds a gambling premises licence.

Adult Gaming Centre

 No customer must be able to access the premises directly from any other licensed gambling premises.

Betting Shops

- Access must be from a street or from another premises with a betting premises licence;
- No direct access from a betting shop to another premises used for the retail sale of merchandise or services. In effect there cannot be an entrance to a betting shop from a shop of any kind and you could not have a betting shop at the back of a café

 the whole area would have to be licensed.

Tracks

No customer should be able to access the premises directly from:

- a casino;
- an adult gaming centre.

Bingo Premises

No customer must be able to access the premises directly from:

- a casino;
- an adult gaming centre;
- a betting premises, other than a track.

Family Entertainment Centre

No customer must be able to access the premises directly from:

- a casino:
- an adult gaming centre;
- a betting premises, other than a track.

Part 7 of the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Licensing Authorities contains further guidance on this issue, which this authority will also take into account in its decision-making.

APPENDIX C - Mandatory, Default and Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council Pool of Model Conditions for Gambling Premises Licences

1. Introduction

Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council is the Licensing Authority under the Gambling Act 2005 (the Act). The Licensing Authority is responsible for considering and determining applications for premises licences which offer gambling facilities within Blaenau Gwent. The Licensing Authority also has the role of ensuring compliance with the terms and conditions of the licences.

The Act contains three licensing objectives which guide the way that the Licensing Authority performs its functions and the way that gambling operators carry on their activities. They are:

- preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder, or being used to support crime;
- ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way;
- protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

The Act places a legal duty on the Licensing Authority to aim to permit gambling in so far as it thinks it reasonably consistent with the licensing objectives. The effect of this duty is that the Licensing Authority must approach its functions in a way that seeks to regulate gambling by using its powers, for example to attach conditions on licences, to moderate its impact on the licensing objectives rather than by starting out to prevent it altogether.

The Gambling Act 2005 (Mandatory and Default Conditions) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 impose conditions on each category of gambling premises licence under the Act. For ease of reference and to provide a concise document which contains all of the relevant conditions, the Licensing Authority has included both mandatory and default conditions.

The Licensing Authority has also developed a pool of model conditions to assist gambling operators, responsible authorities and interested parties when considering conditions to deal with specific issues and concerns. These conditions will also encourage a consistent approach to the drafting and imposition of conditions on premises licences.

Gambling operators will identify measures that mitigate the risk to harming the licensing objectives in their local risk assessment for each specific premises. The model conditions will assist prospective and existing licence holders to identify and select specific conditions that would cement these proposed measures within the regulatory framework.

Once an application has been made, responsible authorities and interested parties are encouraged to engage with the applicant if they are considering making a representation to their application. This will enable discussions about their concerns and the ability to agree specific conditions to address them.

The model conditions within this document are not an exclusive or exhaustive list of conditions which may be included on a premises licence. It does not restrict any applicant,

responsible authority, or other interested parties from proposing any alternative conditions, nor would it restrict a Licensing Sub- Committee from imposing any reasonable condition on the grant of a licence it considers appropriate so as to aim to permit gambling under section 153 of The Act.

This is the first edition of the Mandatory, Default and Blaenau Gwent Model Conditions for Gambling Premises Licences that we have produced. This document will be updated and published on the Council's website at www.blaenau-gwent.gov.uk

Mandatory Conditions

Mandatory conditions are conditions that are specified in the Gambling Act 2005 (Mandatory and Default Conditions) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 (2007 Regs). The mandatory conditions for each category of premises licences are listed below as conditions with Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council's own condition reference. The specific regulation, schedule, part and paragraph where those conditions are located within the 2007 Regs, is available to the right of each of the mandatory conditions.

These mandatory conditions are applied to the relevant category of premises licence and cannot be removed or varied in anyway.

Where a mandatory condition, as specified within the 2007 Regs refers to a paragraph that is a separate condition within that part of the schedule we have replaced that paragraph number with the relevant Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council's condition reference so it is clear which condition is being referred to.

Converted Casinos

| The summary of the terms and conditions of the premises licence | Reg |
|---|-------------------|
| issued under section 164(1)(c) of the 2005 Act shall be displayed in a | 3(2) |
| prominent place within the premises. | _ |
| The layout of the premises shall be maintained in accordance with | Reg |
| the plan. | 3(3) |
| The premises shall not be used for – | Reg |
| | 3(4) |
| a) the sale of tickets in a private lottery or customer lottery, or | |
| b) the sale of tickets in any other lottery in respect of which the sale of | |
| tickets on the premises is otherwise prohibited. | |
| The principal entrance to the premises shall be from a street. | Reg 4, Sch 1, |
| | Part 1, Para |
| | 1(1) |
| No entrance to the premises shall be from premises that are used | Reg 4, Sch 1, |
| wholly or mainly by children, by young persons, or by both. | Part 1, Para 1(2) |
| No customer shall be able to enter the premises directly from any | Reg 4, Sch 1, |
| other premises in respect of which a licence issued under Part 8 of | Part 1, Para 1(3) |
| the Act, or a permit issued under Schedule 10, 12 or 13 to the Act, | , , |
| has effect | |
| A gap of at least 2 metres shall be maintained between any ordinary | Reg 4, Sch 1, |
| gaming table and any other equipment, apparatus or structure used | Part 1, Para 2 |
| by a person to gamble on the premises. | |
| No more than 40 separate player positions may be made available for | Reg 4, Sch 1, |
| use in relation to wholly automated gaming tables at any time. | Part 1, Para 3 |

| 1. The rules of each type of casino game that is available to be played on the premises shall be displayed in a prominent place within both the table gaming area and other gambling area of the premises to which customers wishing to use facilities for gambling have unrestricted access. | Reg 4, Sch 1, Part 1, Para 4 |
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| 2. The condition in sub-paragraph (1) may be satisfied by - | |
| a) displaying a clear and legible sign setting out the rules; orb) making available to customers leaflets or other written material containing the rules. | |
| Any ATM made available for use on the premises shall be located in a place that requires any customer who wishes to use it to cease gambling at any gaming table, gaming machine or betting machine in order to do so. | Reg 4, Sch 1, Part 1, Para 5 |
| A notice shall be displayed in a prominent place at every entrance to the premises stating that no person under the age of 18 years is permitted to enter the premises. | Reg 8, Sch1, Part 5, Para 1 |
| This paragraph shall apply to premises which have a gambling area the floor area of which is no less than 200 m2. | Reg 8, Sch1, Part 5, Para 2 |
| In determining the floor area of the gambling area, all areas in which facilities for gambling are provided on the premises shall be taken into account. | |
| The premises shall contain a non-gambling area, the floor area of which is no less than 10% of the floor area of the gambling area. | |
| The non-gambling area may consist of one or more areas within the premises. | |
| Lobby areas and toilet facilities may be taken into account in calculating the non-gambling area; but the non-gambling area shall not consist exclusively of lobby areas and toilet facilities. | |
| Facilities for gambling shall not be provided in the non-gambling area. | |
| At any time during which facilities for gambling are being provided on the premises, each separate area comprising the non-gambling area, other than the lobby areas and toilet facilities referred to in sub- paragraph (5), shall contain recreational facilities that are available for use by customers on the premises | |

Bingo

| The summary of the terms and conditions of the premises licence issued under section 164(1)(c) of the 2005 Act shall be displayed in a prominent place within the premises. | Reg 3(2) |
|---|----------|
| The layout of the premises shall be maintained in accordance with the plan. | Reg 3(3) |
| The premises shall not be used for - | Reg 3(4) |
| | 3 () |

| a) the sale of tickets in a private lottery or customer lottery, or b) the sale of tickets in any other lottery in respect of which the sale of tickets on the premises is otherwise prohibited. | |
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| A notice stating that no person under the age of 18 years is permitted to play bingo on the premises shall be displayed in a prominent place at every entrance to the premises. | Reg 10, Sch2, Part 1, Para 1 |
| No customer shall be able to enter the premises directly from any other premises in respect of which one of the following permissions has effect – | Reg 10, Sch2, Part 1, Para 2 |
| a) a casino premises licence;b) an adult gaming centre premises licence;c) a betting premises licence other than a track premises licence; and | |
| This paragraph shall apply where children or young persons or both are permitted by the licence holder to enter the premises, and Category B or C gaming machines are made available for use on the premises. | Reg 10, Sch2, Part 1, Para 3 |
| Any area of the premises to which category B and C gaming machines are located - | |
| a) shall be separated from the rest of the premises by a physical barrier which is effective to prevent access other than by an entrance designed for the purpose;b) shall be supervised at all times to ensure children or young persons or both do not enter the area; and | |
| c) shall be arranged in such a way that ensures all parts of the area can be observed by the persons mentioned in sub-paragraph (3). | |
| The reference to supervision in this paragraph means supervision by | |
| a) one or more persons whose responsibilities include ensuring children or young persons or both do not enter the area; or b) closed circuit television which is monitored by one or more persons whose responsibilities include ensuring that children or young persons or both do not enter the area. | |
| A notice stating that no person under the age of 18 years is permitted to enter the area shall be displayed in a prominent place at the entrance to any area of the premises in which Category B or C gaming machines are made available for use. In the case of a charge for admission to the premises, a notice of that charge shall be displayed in a prominent place at the principal entrance to the premises. | |
| In the case of any other charges in respect of gaming, a notice setting out the information in sub-paragraph (3) shall be displayed at the main point where payment for the charge is to be made. | |
| The notice in sub-paragraph (2) shall include the following information - | |

| a) the cost (in money) of each game card (or set of game cards) payable by an individual in respect of a game of bingo; b) in respect of each game card (or set of game cards) referred to in paragraph (a) the amount that will be charged by way of a participation fee for entitlement to participate in that game; and c) a statement to the effect that all or part of the participation fee may be waived at the discretion of the person charging it. The notice may be displayed in electronic form. | |
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| A reference in this paragraph to a charge in respect of gaming does not include an amount paid for an opportunity to win one or more prizes in gaming to which section 288 of the 2005 Act (meaning of "prize gaming") applies. | |
| The rules of each type of game that is available to be played the premises other than games played on gaming machines shall be made available to customers within the premises. | Reg 10, Sch2, Part 1, Para 5 |
| The condition in sub-paragraph (1) may be satisfied by – | |
| a) displaying a sign setting out the rules,b) making available leaflets or other written material containing the rules, orc) running an audio-visual guide to the rules prior to any bingo game being commenced. | |
| Any ATM made available for use on the premises shall be located in a place that requires any customer who wishes to use it to cease gambling in order to do so. | Reg 10, Sch2, Part 1, Para 6 |

Betting Tracks

| The summary of the terms and conditions of the premises licence issued under section 164(1)(c) of the 2005 Act shall be displayed in a prominent place within the premises. | Reg 3(2) |
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| The layout of the premises shall be maintained in accordance with the plan. | Reg 3(3) |
| The premises shall not be used for – | Reg 3(4) |
| a) the sale of tickets in a private lottery or customer lottery, orb) the sale of tickets in any other lottery in respect of which the sale of tickets on the premises is otherwise prohibited. | |
| No customer shall be able to access the premises directly from any other premises in respect of which one of the following premises licences has effect – | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 1, Para 1 |
| a) a casino premises licence; b) an adult gaming centre premises licence. | |
| A notice stating that no person under the age of 18 is permitted to bet on the premises shall be displayed in a prominent place at every public entrance to the premises. | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 1, Para 2 |
| The terms on which a bet may be placed must be displayed in a | Reg 16, Sch 6, |

| prominent place within the premises to which customers wishing to use facilities for betting have unrestricted access. | Part 1, Para 3 |
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| The premises licence holder shall make arrangements to ensure that betting operators who are admitted to the premises for the purpose of accepting bets – | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 1, Para 4 |
| a) will be operating under a valid operating licence; and b) are enabled to accept such bets in accordance with - | |
| (i) the conditions imposed under sections 92 (general betting operating licence) or 93 (pool betting operating licence) of the 2005 Act, or | |
| (ii) an authorisation under section 94 | |
| The premises licence holder shall make arrangements to ensure that reasonable steps are taken to remove from the premises any person who is found to be accepting bets on the premises otherwise than in accordance with the 2005 Act. | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 1, Para 5 |
| Any ATM made available for use on the premises shall be located in a place that requires any customer who wishes to use it to cease gambling in order to do so. | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 1, Para 6 |
| Mandatory conditions attached to track premises licences in respect of premises that are dog racing tracks | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 3, Para 1 |
| A totalisator on the premises shall only be operated – | |
| a) while the public are admitted to the premises for the purpose of attending dog races and no other sporting events are taking place on the premises; and | |
| b) for effecting with persons on the premises betting transactions on dog races taking place on the premises. | |
| At any time during which the totalisator is being lawfully used on the premises - | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 3, Para 2 |
| a) no betting operator or betting operator's assistant shall be excluded from the premises by reason only of the fact that he proposes to accept or negotiate bets on the premises; and b) there shall be made available on the premises space for betting operators and betting operators' assistants where they can conveniently accept and negotiate bets in connection with dog races run on the premises on that day. | |
| This paragraph is without prejudice to section 180 (pool betting on dog races) of the 2005 Act. | |
| For the purposes of this Part, "totalisator" means the apparatus for betting known as the totalisator or pari mutuel, or any other machine or instrument of betting of a like nature, whether mechanically operated or not. | Reg 16, Sch 6, Part 3, Para 3 |

Betting (Other)

| The summary of the terms and conditions of the premises licence | Reg 3(2) |
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| issued under section 164(1)(c) of the 2005 Act shall be displayed in a | |

| Prominent place within the premises. The layout of the premises shall be maintained in accordance with the plan. The premises shall not be used for — a) the sale of tickets in a private lottery or customer lottery, or b) the sale of tickets in any other lottery in respect of which the sale of tickets on the premises is otherwise prohibited. A notice stating that no person under the age of 18 years is permitted to enter the premises shall be displayed in a prominent place at every entrance to the premises. 1. Access to the premises shall be from a street or from other premises with a betting premises licence. 2. Without prejudice to sub-paragraph (1), there shall be no means of direct access between the premises and other premises used for the retail sale of merchandise or services 3. Subject to anything permitted by virtue of the 2005 Act, or done in accordance with 4 conditions below, the premises shall not be used for any purpose other than for providing facilities for betting Any ATM made available for use on the premises shall be located in a place that requires any customer who wishes to use it to leave any gaming machine or betting machine in order to do so. No apparatus for making information or other material available in the form of sounds or visual images may be used on the premises, except for apparatus used for the following purposes - a) communicating information about, or coverage of, sporting events, including - (i) information relating to betting on such an event; and (ii) any other matter or information, including an advertisement, which is incidental to such an event; b) communicating information relating to betting on any event (including the result of the event) in connection with which betting transactions may be or have been effected on the premises. No publications, may be sold or offered for sale on the premises. No publications, other than racing periodicals or specialist betting publications, may be sold or offered for sale on the premises. No alcohol shall be permitted | | |
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Adult Gaming Centres

| The summary of the terms and conditions of the premises licence issued under section 164(1)(c) of the 2005 Act shall be displayed in a prominent place within the premises. | Reg 3(2) |
|---|----------------|
| The layout of the premises shall be maintained in accordance with | Reg 3(3) |
| | Reg 3(3) |
| the plan. | |
| The premises shall not be used for – | Reg 3(4) |
| | |
| a) the sale of tickets in a private lottery or customer lottery, or | |
| b) the sale of tickets in any other lottery in respect of which the sale of | |
| tickets on the premises is otherwise prohibited. | |
| A notice stating that no person under the age of 18 years is permitted | Reg 12, Sch 3, |
| to enter the premises shall be displayed in a prominent place at every | Para 1 |
| | raia i |
| entrance to the premises. | |
| No customer shall be able to access the premises directly from any | Reg 12, Sch 3, |
| other premises in respect of which a licence issued under Part 8 of | Para 2 |
| the Act, or a permit issued under Schedule 10, 12 or 13 to the Act, | |
| has effect | |
| Any ATM made available for use on the premises shall be located in | Reg 12, Sch 3, |
| a place that requires any customer who wishes to use it to cease | Para 3 |
| gambling at any gaming machine in order to do so. | T did 0 |
| | Dog 12 Cob 2 |
| 1. No alcohol shall be permitted to be consumed on the premises at | Reg 12, Sch 3, |
| any time during which facilities for gambling are being provided on | Para 4 |
| the premises. | |
| | |
| 2. A notice stating the condition in sub-paragraph (1) shall be | |
| displayed in a prominent place at every entrance to the premises. | |
| | |

Family Entertainment Centres

| The summary of the terms and conditions of the premises licence issued under section 164(1)(c) of the 2005 Act shall be displayed in a prominent place within the premises. | Reg 3(2) |
|---|--------------------------|
| The layout of the premises shall be maintained in accordance with the plan. | Reg 3(3) |
| The premises shall not be used for – | Reg 3(4) |
| a) the sale of tickets in a private lottery or customer lottery, or | |
| b) the sale of tickets in any other lottery in respect of which the sale of tickets on the premises is otherwise prohibited. | |
| No customer shall be able to access the premises directly from any other premises in respect of which one of the following premises licences has effect – | Reg 13, Sch 4, Para 1 |
| a) a casino premises licence; | |
| b) an adult gaming centre premises licence; | |
| c) a betting premises licence other than a track premises licence. | |
| Any ATM made available for use on the premises shall be located in | Reg 13, Sch 4, |
| a place that requires any customer who wishes to use it to cease | Para 2 |
| gambling at any gaming machine in order to do so. | |
| Where Category C gaming machines are made available for use on | Reg 13, Sch 4, |

| the premises, any area of the premises in which those machines are located – | Para 3 |
|--|--------------------------|
| a) shall be separated from the rest of the premises by a physical barrier which is effective to prevent access other than by an entrance designed for the purpose; b) shall be supervised at all times to ensure children or young persons or both do not enter the area; and c) shall be arranged in such a way so as to permit all parts of the area to be observed by the persons mentioned in sub-paragraph 2. | |
| The reference to supervision in this paragraph means supervision by – | |
| a) one or more persons whose responsibilities include ensuring children or young persons or both do not enter the area; or b) closed circuit television which is monitored by one or more persons whose responsibilities include ensuring that children or young persons or both do not enter the area. | |
| A notice stating that no person under the age of 18 years is permitted to enter the area shall be displayed in a prominent place at the entrance to any area of the premises in which Category C gaming machines are made available for use. | |
| 1. No alcohol shall be permitted to be consumed on the premises at any time during which facilities for gambling are being provided on the premises. | Reg 13, Sch 4, Para 4 |
| 2. A notice stating the condition in sub-paragraph (1) shall be displayed in a prominent place at every entrance to the premises. | |

Default Conditions

Default conditions are conditions that are specified in the Gambling Act 2005 (Mandatory and Default Conditions) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 (the regulations). The default conditions for each category of premises licences are listed below as conditions with Blaenau Gwent's own condition reference and the specific regulation, schedule, part and paragraph where those conditions are located within the regulations.

These default conditions will be applied to the relevant category of premises licence unless the applicant or licensee specifies that the default conditions are to be removed within their new or variation application.

Where a default condition, as specified within the regulation refers to a paragraph that is a separate condition within that part of the schedule we have replaced that paragraph number with the relevant Blaenau Gwent condition reference.

Converted Casinos

| No facilities for gambling shall be provided on the premises between | Reg 9, Sch 1, |
|--|---------------|
| the hours of 6am and noon on any day. | Part 6 |

Bingo

| Subject to Below condition, no facilities for gambling shall be provided | Reg 11, Sch 2, |
|--|----------------|
| on the premises between the hours of midnight and 9am. | Part 2, Para 1 |
| The condition above shall not apply to making gaming machines | Reg 11, Sch 2, |
| available for use. | Part 2, Para 2 |

Betting Tracks

| Subject to condition Reg 11, Sch 2, Part 2, Para 1, no facilities for gambling shall be provided on the premises between the hours of | |
|--|-----|
| 10pm on one day, and 7am on the next day. | |
| The prohibition in condition Reg 11, Sch 2, Part 2, Para 1 does not apply on days when a sporting event is taking place on the premises, in which case gambling transactions may take place at any time during that day. | , , |

Betting (Other)

| No facilities for gambling shall be provided on the premises between | Reg 15, Sch 5, |
|--|----------------|
| the hours of 10pm on one day and 7am on the next day. | Part 2 |

Model Conditions

The following model conditions can be used by the applicant of a new premises licence, provisional statement or licensees varying their licence. The applicant or licensee can select the conditions that they feel will enable them to demonstrate how they will ensure that the premises will operate so as not to impact the licensing objectives.

Gambling operators are recommended during their local risk assessment process to identify control measures, such as conditions to mitigate the impact on the licensing objectives by that premises. These models conditions can been selected to address the risk of impacts identified in these assessments.

These conditions can also be used by responsible authorities or interested parties when making representations on applications submitted to the Licensing Authority. The Licensing Sub-Committee when determining applications will have regard to these conditions and may choose to add one or more conditions or variations of them depending on the concerns raised during the determination process.

Model conditions are not intended to be used as blanket conditions applied to each premises licence. It may appear from the list that the conditions are repetitive, however there are subtle differences so gambling operators, responsible authorities and interested parties are advised to find the most appropriate condition to mitigate the identified risk.

The model conditions set out in this section are not an exhaustive list and new or amended versions of model conditions can be produced to meet the specific requirements of that application.

The model conditions have been put under general topic headings to assist in identifying particular conditions that may address specific issues raised. By the side of each

condition a reference to the relevant licensing objective that they relate is indicated. The codes used for the licensing objectives are:

CD - preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder, or being used to support crime.

FO - ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way.

CV - protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

Hours

- No facilities for gambling shall be provided on the premises between the hours of [insert time] on one day and [insert time] on the next day. CD, FO & CV
- No facilities for gambling shall be provided on the premises between the hours of [insert time] and [insert time] on any day. CD, FO & CV
- The premises shall not provide gambling facilities between the hours of [insert time] and [insert time]. CD, FO & CV
- There shall be no admittance or re-admittance to the premises after [enter time]. CD & CV

CCTV

The venue shall install and maintain a comprehensive CCTV system at the premises which should cover, as a minimum:

- all entry and exit points to and from the premises enabling frontal identification of every person entering under any light conditions
- the areas of the premises to which the public have access (excluding toilets)
- gaming machines and the counter area.
- The CCTV system shall continually record whilst the venue is open for licensable activities and during all times when customers remain on the premises. All recordings shall be stored for a minimum period of thirty one days with date and time visible. Recordings shall be immediately arranged by a member of staff for handover to the Police or an authorised officer following their request. CD
- A staff member from the premises who is conversant with the operation of the CCTV system shall be on the premises at all times when the premises are open to the public. This staff member shall be able to arrange for Police to view recent data or footage with the absolute minimum of delay when requested. CD
- There shall be [insert number] external cameras which will provide live images to staff in the service counter area. CD
- Notices indicating that CCTV is in use at the premises shall be placed at or near the entrance to the premises and within the premises. CD
- The licensee shall:
 - a) provide training on the CCTV system and how to access the footage if requested to do so by the police or authorised officer as part of the staff induction training programme or when the system is changed, and
 - b) periodically provide refresher training to all of its staff working at these premises on the CCTV viewing process. Participation in this training shall be formally recorded on each member of staffs training records which, if

requested will be presented to the Police or Licensing Authority as soon as practicable. CD

Door Supervision

- At least [enter number] SIA licensed door supervisors shall be on duty at every entrance and exit to the premises at all times whilst it is operating under this licence. CD & CV
- A minimum of [insert number] SIA licensed door supervisors shall be on duty at the premises at all times whilst it is open for business. CD & CV
- At least [insert number] SIA licensed door supervisors shall be on duty at every entrance and exit of the premises at all times whilst it is open for business. CD & CV
- insert number] of SIA Licensed Door Supervisors are to be on duty at the premises during the whole of permitted hours CD & CV
- No patrons shall be admitted or re-admitted to the premises after [enter time] unless they have passed through a metal detecting search arch and, if the search arch is activated or at the discretion of staff, then physically searched, which will include a 'pat down search' and a full bag search. CD & CV
- All persons entering or re-entering the premises shall be searched by an SIA trained member of staff and monitored by the premises CCTV system. CD & CV
- All staff engaged outside the entrance to the premises, or supervising or controlling queues, shall wear high visibility yellow jackets or vests. CD & CV
- The licence holder shall ensure that the outside areas of the premises are monitored so as to ensure there is no public nuisance or obstruction of the highway.
 CD

Children and Young People

- The Licensee shall maintain a bound and paginated 'Challenge 21 or Challenge 25
 Refusals' register at the premises. The register shall be produced to the police or
 licensing authority forthwith on request. CV
- Prominent signage and notices advertising the Challenge 21 or Challenge 25 Policy will be displayed showing the operation of such policy. CV
- Third party testing on age restricted sales systems shall be carried out on the premises a minimum of [insert frequency] a year. CV
- Third party testing on age restricted sales systems purchasing shall take at least [insert frequency] a year and the results shall be provided to the Licensing Authority upon request. CV
- The licensee shall not allow their logos or other promotional material to appear on any commercial merchandising which is designed for use by children. CV
- All tills shall automatically prompt staff to ask for age verification identification when placing a bet. CV
- A Challenge 21 or Challenge 25 proof of age scheme shall be operated at the premises where the only acceptable forms of identification are recognised photographic identification cards, such as a driving licence, passport or proof of age card with the PASS Hologram. CV
- The licensee will ensure, through regular checks and intervention, that customer's children are not left unsupervised outside the premises. CV
- The licensee will ensure, through regular checks and intervention, that children will not congregate outside the shop. CV

 The licence holder shall ensure that the outside areas of the premises are monitored so as to ensure there is no public nuisance or obstruction of the highway.
 CD

Entrances and Doors

- A magnetic locking device, commonly referred to as a Maglock will be installed and maintained on the main entrance/exit to the premises which will be operable from the ground floor cashier counter by staff. CD & CV
- An Infra-Red Beam connected to a sounder will be installed and maintained at the entrance of the premises so as to notify staff when a customer enters or exits the premises. CD&CV

Staffing Levels

- There shall be no pre-planned single staffing at any time. CD & CV
- There shall be no pre-planned single staffing after 20:00. Should the premises be single staffed after this time the magnetic door locking system must be in constant use. CD & CV
- There will be a minimum of two members of staff after 10pm. CD & CV
- There will be a minimum of two members of staff on duty for the duration of the period in which licensable activities are taking place on the premises. CD & CV
- There will be a minimum of [enter number] staff be present at all times when the premises is open. CD & CV

Cashier Counters and Safe Havens

- The licensee shall maintain a full height polycarbonate or 11.5mm minimum thickness laminated glass security screen counter on the ground floor of the premises. CD
- A full-height security screen shall be installed at the cashiers counter. CD
- Full height security bars which are spaced at adequate intervals to prevent a person from reaching through will be installed at the cashiers counter CD
- licensee shall install a Safe Haven [add location of safe haven] which includes a secure door with peephole, CCTV Monitor, Telephone, Safe Guard system, maglock control button and any other systems deemed appropriate by the licensee.
 CD

Identification of Offenders or Problem Persons

- The licensee shall provide Spit Kits within the premises and provide staff training on the use of these kits. CD
- If at any time (whether before or after the opening of the premises), the police or licensing authority supply to the premises names and/or photographs of individuals which it wishes to be banned from the premises, the licensee shall use all reasonable endeavours to implement the ban through staff training. CD
- The Licensee shall implement a policy of banning any customers who engage in crime, disorder or anti-social behaviour within or outside the premises. CD
- The licensee will refuse entry to customers who appear to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs. CD, CV

Seating

- The licensee shall ensure that all seating within the premises are either secured to the floor or are weighted to prevent lifting CD
- The licensee shall ensure that all gaming machine seating within the premises are weighted to prevent lifting CD

Alarms (Premises and Personal)

- Each member of staff will be provided and required to carry on their person a
 personal fob alarm which will activate the alarm if pressed by the member of staff or
 that staff member is lying horizontal for a pre-determined period of time. CD
- The licensee shall install and maintain an intruder alarm on the premises. CD
- The premises shall install and maintain a panic button behind the cashier counter.
 CD
- The premises shall install and maintain a panic button behind the cashier counter that will alert the premises security once pressed. CD
- An attack alarm shall be installed and maintained behind the cashier counter which would alert [operator name] Security and the police. CD
- An attack alarm shall be installed and maintained behind the cashier counter which would alert the police. CD

Toilets

- Maglock device will be installed and maintained on the customer toilet door which will be operated by a member of staff from the cashiers counter. CD & CV
- The Licensee shall install and maintain an ultraviolet lighting system in the customer toilet. CD &CV
- The licensee will ensure that customer toilets are checked hourly/ (insert other period) for cleanliness and evidence of drug taking. CD & CV

Restrictions on Food and Beverages

- Only refreshments purchased or supplied on the premises may be consumed on the premises. CV
- hot refreshment vending machine and refreshment facilities shall be provided for customers and staff use only. CV

Signage, Promotional Material and Notices

- The licensee shall place and maintain a sign at the entrance of the premises stating that access to the premises will be excluded to the following people:
 - o a) Anyone who is under the age of 18,
 - b) Anyone who appears to be under the age of 21/25 and is unable to provide proof of age that they are over the age of 18,
 - c) Only refreshments purchased or supplied on the premises may be consumed on the premises,*
 - o d) Anyone who is barred from the premises, and
 - e) Anyone who has alcohol on their person or appears to be under the influence of alcohol or substances (may be better wording?) * Only to be added if above condition is proposed. CD & CV

- The licensee will place and maintain a sign at the entrance which states that 'only refreshments purchased on the premises may be consumed on the premises'.
- All public signage/documentation relating to age restrictions, gambling advice and gambling support information (e.g. GamCare or similar support service) is displayed or provided on the premises in written English and any other language appropriate to the area and customer base. FO & CV
- Prominent GamCare documentation will be displayed at the premises. FO & CV
- The licensee shall ensure that no ethnicity specific gambling promotion is provided or advertised on the premises which is designed and/or intended to entice participation in gambling by the local community. CV
- Prominent signage indicating the permitted hours for the licensable activity shall be displayed so as to be visible before entering the premises. FO

Enticement Promotions

 The licensee shall not offer any enticement promotions, such as happy hours during which gaming machines stakes are reduced. FO & CV

Staff Training

- The licensee shall:
 - a) provide training on the specific local risks to the licensing objectives that have been identified for these premises as part of the staff induction training programme.
 - o b) periodically provide refresher training to all of its staff working at these premises on the specific local risks to the licensing objectives.
- Participation in this training shall be formally recorded on each member of staffs training records which, if requested will be presented to the Licensing Authority as soon as practicable. CD, FO & CV
- The Licensee shall train staff on specific issues related to the local area and shall conduct periodic refresher training. Participation in the training shall be formally recorded and the records produced to the police or licensing authority upon request. CD, FO & CV
- New and seasonal staff must attend induction training. All existing staff must attend refresher training every six months. CD, FO & CV

Recording of Incidents and Visits

- An incident log shall be kept for the premises and made available on request to an authorised officer of the council or the Police which will record the following:
 - o a) All crimes reported to the venue;
 - o b) Any complaints received regarding crime and disorder;
 - o c) Any incidents of disorder or antisocial behaviour:
 - o d) Any faults in the CCTV system; and
 - o e) Any visit by a relevant authority or emergency service.

Customer Bags and Belongings

Customer shall not be permitted to leave bags or other belongings at the premises.

Homelessness and Street Drinking

- The licensee will contact the local homeless hostels/shelters and offer to provide information on problem gambling support services and how their residents can selfexclude from [operator name] premises. CV
- The licensee shall take all reasonable steps to prevent street drinking of alcohol directly outside the premises and to ban from the premises those who do so. CD & CV
- The licensee shall place a notice visible from the exterior of the premises stating that customers drinking alcohol outside the premises is not permitted and those who do so will be banned from the premises. CD & CV

Police Reporting Protocols and Crime Prevention

- The licensee shall develop and agree a protocol with the police as to incident reporting, including the type and level of incident and mode of communication, so as to enable the police to monitor any issues arising at or in relation to the premises. CD
- Prior to opening the licensee shall meet with the Crime Prevention Officer in order to discuss any additional measures to reduce crime and disorder. CD

ATMs

- There shall be no cash point or ATM facilities on the premises. CD & CV
- The ATM shall be located so that the staff behind the cashiers desk has direct line of sight to the machine and customers using it. CD & CV
- Signage shall be placed on or immediately next to the ATM to warn customers to cover the keypad when entering their PIN. CD

Gaming Machines and SSBTs

- Gaming machines shall be sited in the locations specified on the premises plans.
 CD & CV
- Gaming machines shall be sighted so that the cashiers from all counter positions have direct line of sight of the machines and the customers using them. CD & CV
- Gaming machines shall not be emptied whilst customers are present on the premises and the doors are unlocked. CD
- Self-service betting terminals shall not be emptied whilst customers are present on the premises and the doors are unlocked. CD
- Gaming machines and self-service betting terminals shall not be emptied whilst customers are present on the premises and the doors are unlocked. CD
- Gaming machines shall not be emptied when there is only one member of staff on the premises. CD
- Self-service betting terminals shall not be emptied when there is only one member of staff on the premises. CD
- Gaming machines and self-service betting terminals shall not be emptied when there is only one member of staff on the premises. CD
- The number of self-service betting terminals permitted on the premises is [insert number]. CV
- The over 18 area containing the category C gaming machines will be enclosed with a floor to ceiling partition wall with one point for egress and ingress. CV

- Privacy screening, known as a 'gaming machine pod' shall not enclose the customer to such a degree that would restrict the customer's peripheral vision of the premises when playing the machine in either a standing or sitting position and prevent a member of staff from observing that person. CD & CV
- No other gambling facilities shall be provided in a gaming machine enclosure so as to allow a customer the ability to play the machine and participate in other forms of gambling. CV

Multiple Storey Venues

- Access to the [floor number] floor of the premises will be controlled by members of staff and a door which can only be operated by members of staff will be positioned at the bottom of the stairs thereby restricting access to only those with staff approval. CD
- A minimum of one member of staff shall be present at all times when the [floor number] floor is being used by customers. CD & CV
- The licensee shall install and maintain an internal intercom/phone system to enable staff to communicate with one another on all floors of the premises. CD & CV
- The licensee shall install monitors within the staff cashier counter areas on all floors that will display live CCTV footage from inside and outside the premises. CD & CV
- attack alarm shall be installed and maintained behind the ground and first floor cashier counters which would alert [operator name] Security and the police. CD
- magnetic lock (Maglock) device will be installed and maintained on the customer toilet door on the [floor number] floor which will be operated by a member of staff from the cashiers counter on the [floor number] floor. CD & CV

Betwatch Scheme

 As soon as possible, and in any event within 1 month from the grant of this licence, the premises shall join the Betwatch scheme. CD & CV

Documents Provided to the Licensing Authority

 The licensee shall provide the Licensing Authority with their compliance/operating manual which sets out all of the premises policies to meet the regulatory requirements under the Gambling Act 2005 and shall provide a copy of any update or revision as soon as practicable following the implementation of that change. CD, FO & CV

Appendix D - Summary of Machine Provision by Premises

| Machine category | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Premises type | Α | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | С | D |
| Large casino (machine/table ratio of 5-1 up to maximum) Small casino (machine/table ratio of 2-1 up to maximum) | Any | Maximum of 150 machines y combination of machines in categories B to D (except B3A machines), within the total limit of 150 (subject to machine/table ratio) Maximum of 80 machines Any combination of machines in categories B to D (except B3A machines), within the total limit of 80 (subject to machine/table ratio) | | | | | |
| Pre-2005 Act casino (no machine/table ratio) | | Maximum of 20 machines categories B to D (except B3A machines), or any number of C or D machines instead | | | | | |
| Betting premises and tracks occupied by pool betting | | Maximum of 4 machines categories B2 to D (except B3A machines) | | | | | |
| Bingo premises (1) | | | Maximum of 20% of the total number of gaming machines which are available for use on the premises categories B3 or B4 | | No limit on category C or D machines | | |
| Adult gaming centre (2) | | Maximum of 20% of the total number C or D mack of gaming machines which are available for use on the premises categories B3 or B4 | | | | | |
| Licensed family entertainment centre (3) | | | | 0410901100 20 01 21 | | No limit on category C or D machines | |
| Family entertainment centre (with permit)(3) | | | | | | | No limit on category D machines |
| Clubs or miners' welfare institute (with permits)(4) | | | | Maximum of 3 machines in categories B3A or B4 to D | | in | |
| Qualifying alcohol- licensed premises | | | | | | catego autom | nachines of ory C or D natic upon fication |
| Qualifying alcohol- licensed premises (with licensed premises gaming machine permit) | | | | Number of catego C-D machines a specified on permit | | achines as ecified | |
| Travelling fair | | | | | | | No limit on category D machines |

⁽¹⁾ Bingo premises licence are entitled to make available for use a number of category B gaming machines not exceeding 20% of the total number of gaming machines on the premises. Where a premises licence was granted before 13 July 2011, they are entitled to make available eight (The Gambling Act 2005 (Gaming Machines in Bingo Premises) Order 2009) category B gaming machines, or 20% of the total number of gaming machines, whichever is the greater. Category B machines at bingo premises are restricted to subcategory B3 and B4 machines, but not B3A machines.

- (2) Adult gaming centres are entitled to make available for use a number of category B gaming machines not exceeding 20% of the total number of gaming machines which are available for use on the premises and any number of category C or D machines. Where a premises licence was granted before 13 July 2011, they are entitled to make available four category B gaming machines, or 20% of the total number of gaming machines, whichever is the greater. Category B machines at adult gaming centres are restricted to subcategory B3 and B4 machines, but not B3A machines.
- (3) Only premises that are wholly or mainly used for making gaming machines available may hold an unlicensed FEC gaming machine permit or an FEC premises licence. Category C machines may only be sited within licensed FECs and where an FEC permit is in force. They must be in a separate area to ensure the segregation and supervision of machines that may only be played by adults. There is no power for the licensing authority to set a limit on the number of machines under the FEC permit.
- (4) Members' clubs and miners' welfare institutes with a club gaming permit or with a club machine permit, are entitled to site a total of three machines in categories B3A to D but only one B3A machine can be sited as part of this entitlement. Commercial clubs with club machine or gaming permits are entitled to a total of three machines in categories B4 to D.

Appendix E - Schedule of Delegation of Licensing Functions and Decisions

| Matters to be dealt with | Full Council | Sub Committee | Officers | |
|--|-----------------|--|---|--|
| Three year Gambling Policy | Х | | | |
| Policy not to permit casinos | Х | | | |
| Fee Setting – when appropriate | | | Х | |
| Application for Premises Licence | | Where representations have been received and not withdrawn | Where no representations received/representations have been withdrawn | |
| Application for a variation to a licence | | Where representations have been received and not withdrawn | Where no representations received/representations have been withdrawn | |
| Application for a transfer of a licence | | Where representations have been received from the Commission | Where no representation has been received from the Commission | |
| Application for a provisional statement | | Where representations have been received and not withdrawn | Where no representations received/representations have been withdrawn | |
| Review of a Premises Licence | | X | | |
| Revocation of a premises licence for failure to pay annual licence fee | | | X | |
| Application for club gaming/club machine permits | | Where objections have been made (and not withdrawn) | Where no objections made/objections have been withdrawn | |
| Cancellation of club gaming/club machine permits | | X | | |
| Applications for other permits | | Where objections have been made and not withdrawn | Where no objections made/objections have been withdrawn | |
| Cancellation of licensed premises gaming machine permits | | | X | |
| Consideration of temporary use notice | | | X | |
| Decision to give a counter notice to a temporary use notice | | X | | |